Building Cyberspace Community with A Shared Future

Promoting Cooperation aganist Cybercrime

C.S.D
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1. Chinese practices of international cooperation
2. Issues and problems
3. Initiatives
Chinese Practices: Preventing and Combating

1. Protecting network security
2. Establishing the instant discovering and responding mechanism against cybercrime
3. Carrying out special operations against cybercrime
Chinese Practices: International Cooperation

— Chinese police has received and dealt with more than 2,000 assistance requests from other countries/regions since 2007

1. Establishing multiple channels for international cooperation
2. Investigating diverse types of cases, including cyber fraud, online theft, child pornography, slander, terrorist activities, etc.
3. Conducting joint investigations with other countries/regions
4. Training and communicating with other countries/regions
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• **Issues and problems**

1. The laws of different countries have different definitions of cybercrimes

2. The mechanism and efficiency of international cooperation need to be improved

3. Jurisdiction conflicts hinder the progress and effect of international cooperation

4. Crime prevention and ISP should play a bigger role in the cooperation system
1. Chinese practices of international cooperation
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3. Initiatives
• Initiative One: Extending the scope of conviction

• Cybercrime includes not only computer crimes, but also the crimes using the internet as tools, such as cyber fraud, online theft, extortion, drug trafficking, gun trafficking, child pornography, terrorist activities, etc.

• Some cyber gambling gangs commit serious crimes that violate citizens' rights, such as fraud, money laundering, illegal detention, etc. It should be taken seriously and be included in the scope of conviction.
• **Initiative Two: Promoting the international cooperation mechanism**

• Respecting the sovereignty and jurisdiction of other countries. Directly obtaining data located in other countries from domestic companies and individuals can not be allowed.

• Improving the efficiency of international cooperation and establishing a rapid response mechanism.

• Promoting the procedure to assist with collecting evidence.
Initiative Three: Expanding the scope of cooperation

- Both government and private sectors should be involved in international cooperation against cybercrime.

- The countries with advanced information technology should undertake more responsibilities for international cooperation.
Initiative Four: Enriching the content of cooperation

- Prevention of cybercrime is as important as combating it.
- The types and duration of log information retained by ISP and ISP's responsibilities, such as detecting, preventing, and stopping cybercrime, should be defined by the international legislative framework against cybercrime.
Thanks!