

9. Requests the Secretary-General to submit an interim report on the Fourth United Nations Survey on Crime Trends and Operations of Criminal Justice Systems to the Ninth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders and to intensify the work on regular survey publications;

10. Also requests the Secretary-General to consider strengthening the servicing of the clearing-house projects, including the United Nations surveys on crime trends, operations of criminal justice systems and crime prevention strategies and computerization projects by allocating staff and other resources commensurate with the intensification of work on those projects, and to submit a statement to the Commission at its fourth session on the financial implications involved in improving the undertaking of such projects;

11. Encourages the United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute and regional affiliate and associate institutes of the United Nations crime prevention and criminal justice programme to intensify their work in the training of criminal justice statisticians in the framework of periodical United Nations crime trend projects;

12. Encourages those regional and other institutes to consider including in their draft programme budgets appropriate provisions to enable the regular issuance of regional reports on crime trends on the basis of the results of biennial United Nations surveys on crime trends and, as appropriate, reports of the international surveys sponsored by the United Nations on victims, offenders, criminal justice operations and crime prevention.

Resolution 3/4. Succession of States in respect of international treaties on combating various manifestations of crime*

The Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice,

Noting the considerable changes within the international community in connection with the dissolution of States and the emergence of successor States,

Recalling Commission on Human Rights resolutions 1993/23 of 5 March 1993 53/ and 1994/16 of 25 February 1994, 54/ in which the Commission, inter alia, encouraged successor States to confirm to appropriate depositories that they continued to be bound by obligations under international human rights treaties,

Considering that the widest possible adherence to international treaties in particular those on combating such dangerous crimes as illicit drug trafficking, the taking of hostages and hijacking, is one of the conditions for effective international cooperation in this field,

Emphasizing the special importance of the consistent and effective implementation of international instruments on combating crime,

* For the discussion, see chap. IV.

53/ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1993, Supplement No. 3 (E/1993/23), chap. II, sect. A.

54/ Ibid., 1994, Supplement No. 4 (E/1994/24), chap. II, sect. A.

Recognizing the need to intensify and coordinate efforts against the most dangerous manifestations of crime in order to ensure concerted global action,

Noting that the confirmation by successor States to appropriate depositories that they continue to fulfil obligations of their predecessor States under international treaties on combating various manifestations of crime is important for successful action by the international community against the evils of crime,

1. Urges successor States to confirm to appropriate depositories that they continue to be bound by obligations under relevant international treaties on combating various manifestations of crime to which their predecessor States were parties;

2. Encourages successor States that have not yet done so to consider becoming parties to those international treaties on combating crime to which their predecessor States were not parties;

3. Requests the Secretary-General to render advisory services, upon request, with regard to the legal aspects of the succession or adherence to international treaties on combating crime to successor States that are Members of the United Nations and to include in his report on technical cooperation, to be submitted to the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice at its fourth session, information on progress achieved in that area, to serve as the basis for further consideration of that issue by the Commission.

Resolution 3/5. Coordination and cooperation between the Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Branch of the Secretariat and the United Nations International Drug Control Programme*

The Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice,

Convinced that the scope of international cooperation in all fields of crime prevention, criminal justice and drug abuse control should be increased as a matter of priority,

Bearing in mind that effective action and cooperation at the national, regional and international levels depend on improved coordination of all activities related to crime prevention, criminal justice and drug abuse control within the United Nations system,

Recalling General Assembly resolutions 45/179 of 21 December 1990, 46/152 of 18 December 1991 and 48/112 of 20 December 1993, Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/22 of 30 July 1992 and decision 1993/245 of 27 July 1993 and Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolution 8 (XXXVI) of 7 April 1993, 55/

Recalling also General Assembly resolution 48/228 of 23 December 1993, in which the Assembly requested the Secretary-General to strengthen the coordination between the Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Branch of the Secretariat and the United Nations International Drug Control Programme, taking

* For the discussion, see chap. VI.

55/ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1993, Supplement No. 9 (E/1993/29/Rev.1), chap. XI.