Second Regional Meeting on Crime and Criminal Justice Statistics: Development of crime and criminal justice statistics and their contribution for SDG monitoring in Asia-Pacific

Findings from the Survey on Crime and Criminal Justice Statistics in Asia and the Pacific Countries

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Methodology

• Questionnaire aiming to assess:
  • capacity to produce crime statistics
  • availability and dissemination of crime data
  • Victimisation surveys
  • Role of national statistical agencies
  • Awareness of international process on crime statistics
  • Questions on SDG indicators: violence, harassment, trafficking, community safety, prison, corruption, etc.

2014 - 14 Countries
Australia, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Hong-Kong China, Indonesia, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Pakistan, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Vietnam

2016 - 18 Countries (Response Rate = 81.8%)
Kyrgyz Republic, Philippines, Thailand, Myanmar, Cambodia, Indonesia, Timor-Leste, Bhutan, Pakistan, Mongolia, Sri Lanka, Lao PDR, Azerbaijan, Kazahstan, Maldives, Bangladesh, Vietnam, Korea
Production and storage of crime Statistics

Existence of a central repository or database on crime events

- **Police**
  - Yes: 87%
  - No: 13%
  - No Answer: 18%

- **Prosecution**
  - Yes: 53%
  - No: 29%
  - No Answer: 18%

- **Courts**
  - Yes: 70%
  - No: 12%
  - No Answer: 18%

- **Prisons**
  - Yes: 70%
  - No: 12%
  - No Answer: 18%
Production and storage of crime Statistics (cont.)

Electronic, paper or mixed central repositories or databases

**Police**
- 23.5% Yes
- 38.5% Yes & Paper
- 11.7% No-Paper & Electronic
- 23.5% No Reply

**Prosecution**
- 47.0% Yes
- 5.8% Yes & Paper
- 17.6% No-Paper & Electronic
- 29.4% No Reply

**Courts**
- 5.8% Yes
- 47.0% Yes & Paper
- 41.1% No-Paper & Electronic
- 5.8% No Reply

**Prisons**
- 47.0% Yes
- 11.7% Yes & Paper
- 5.8% No-Paper & Electronic
- 35.2% No Reply

Total refers to countries who answered yes to question 5.
**Availability of Data on Various Crimes**

*Police-recorded crime statistics* are available for the following crimes:

- Intentional homicide: 82.4% Yes, 5.9% No, 0.0% No Reply
- Assault: 76.5% Yes, 5.9% No, 0.0% No Reply
- Sexual violence: 88.2% Yes
- Rape: 88.2% Yes
- Robbery: 88.2% Yes
- Burglary: 82.4% Yes, 5.9% No, 0.0% No Reply
- Motor vehicle theft: 76.5% Yes, 11.8% No, 0.0% No Reply
- Bribery: 82.4% Yes, 5.9% No, 0.0% No Reply
- Trafficking in persons: 82.4% Yes, 5.9% No, 0.0% No Reply
- Kidnapping: 88.2% Yes
### Availability of Data on Various Counting Units

**Police-recorded crime statistics** can be produced on the following **counting units**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>% Yes</th>
<th>% No</th>
<th>% No Reply</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Number of criminal offences</td>
<td>88.2%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Number of persons suspected for crime</td>
<td>76.5%</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Number of persons arrested for crime</td>
<td>82.4%</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Number of victims of crime</td>
<td>64.7%</td>
<td>23.5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e. Other</td>
<td>23.5%</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Availability of information on various crime attributes

**Police-recorded crime statistics** can be produced disaggregated by the following:

- a. Type of weapon used (when relevant; for example: firearm, knife, blunt object, etc.)
- b. Motive of crime (for example: for illicit profit, related to interpersonal conflict, etc.)
- c. Involvement of organized criminal groups
- d. Sex of perpetrator (when perpetrator is known)
- e. Age of perpetrator (when perpetrator is known)
- f. Sex of victim
- g. Age of victim
- h. Victim-offender relationship (such as partner, relative, acquaintance, etc.)
Coverage of crime data at national level

*Police-recorded crime statistics* – Do current crime data cover records from all relevant law enforcement authorities?

- **% Yes**: 59%
- **% No**: 29%
- **% No Reply**: 12%
Public Availability of Crime Statistics

Police
- % Yes, 47.1%
- % No, 41.2%
- % Other, 23.5%

Prosecution
- % Yes, 23.5%
- % No, 52.9%
- % Other, 5.9%

Courts
- % Yes, 23.5%
- % No, 47.1%
- % Other, 5.9%

Prisons
- % No, 52.9%
- % Other, 5.9%
- % Yes, 5.9%
Is the NSO involved in gathering and analysing crime and criminal justice statistics?

- Yes: 59%
- No: 23%
- No Answer: 18%

Does the national statistical office make any validation and adjustments of data?

- Yes: 41%
- No: 35%
- No Answer: 24%
Percent of countries where a VS has been conducted during the last ten years

- % Yes: 35%
- % No: 53%
- % No Answer: 12%

Total: 18 countries.
Crime Victimization Surveys

Implementing institution.

- National statistical office: 29.4%
- Another governmental agency: 29.4%
- Research institute: 5.9%
- Another non-governmental agency or private agency: 17.6%
- International organization: 0.0%

This data refers to countries with victimization surveys. The sum is bigger than 100% since multiple answers were possible.
Crime Victimization Surveys

Type of Survey.

- Dedicated crime victimization survey, 23.5%
- Module attached to other survey, 17.6%
- Other, 11.8%

This data refers to countries with victimization surveys. The sum is bigger than 100% since multiple answers were possible.
Awareness of UN-CTS

1. Are you aware that UNODC collects annual data on crime and criminal justice through the United Nations Survey on Crime Trends and the Operations of Criminal Justice Systems (UN-CTS)?

- % No: Not aware: 23.5%
- % Yes: Aware & My institution does not contribute data: 11.7%
- % Yes: Aware & My institution contributes data: 58.8%
- % No Reply: 5.8%
2. Are you aware that the International Classification of Crime for Statistical Purposes (ICCS) has been developed over the past five years through a process of global consultations and was finalized and adopted in 2015?

- % No: Not aware
  - 17.6%

- % Yes: Aware & My institution does not contribute to the ICCS consultation process
  - 29.4%

- % Yes: Aware & My institution contributes to the ICCS consultation process
  - 41.2%

- % No Reply
  - 11.7%
Awareness of post-MDG debate

Goals and targets on security and justice that have been proposed in the post-2015 development agenda

- % Yes: 88%
- % No: 12%
Awareness of International Processes

Availability of data to monitor the following security and justice targets:

- Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere: 82.4% Yes, 11.8% No, 5.8% Don't Know
- End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence and torture against children: 75.0% Yes, 25.0% No, 0.0% Don't Know
- Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all its forms: 56.3% Yes, 31.3% No, 12.4% Don't Know
- Eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls, including trafficking and sexual exploitation: 81.3% Yes, 18.8% No, 0.0% Don't Know
SDG Indicators: Violence

Number of persons subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months

**Physical violence**
- % Yes: 76%
- % No: 6%
- % No Answer: 18%

**Sexual violence**
- % Yes: 76%
- % No: 6%
- % No Answer: 18%

**Psychological violence**
- % Yes: 65%
- % No: 12%
- % No Answer: 23%
Number of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age.
SDG Indicators: Harassment

Number of persons who are victims of physical or sexual harassment, by sex, age, disability status and place of occurrence, in the previous 12 months

Physical violence
- Sex: 58.8%
- Age: 58.8%
- Disability Status: 23.5%
- Place of occurrence: 41.2%

Sexual violence
- Sex: 70.6%
- Age: 70.6%
- Disability Status: 23.5%
- Place of occurrence: 41.2%

Psychological violence
- Sex: 52.9%
- Age: 52.9%
- Disability Status: 17.6%
- Place of occurrence: 35.3%
SDG Indicators: Trafficking

Number of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked

Poaching

- % No Answer: 24%
- % Yes: 35%
- % No: 41%

Illicit trafficking

- % No Answer: 24%
- % Yes: 47%
- % No: 29%
SDG Indicators: Trafficking

Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population

- **% Yes**: 53%
- **% No**: 35%
- **% No Answer**: 12%
SDG Indicators: Intentional Homicide

Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age

**Sex**
- % Yes: 59%
- % No: 23%
- % No Answer: 18%

**Age**
- % Yes: 47%
- % No: 29%
- % No Answer: 24%

Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age.
Is there national level statistics on the population that feels safe walking alone around the area they live?

- % Yes: 23%
- % No Answer: 24%
- % No: 53%
Number of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms

- % Yes: 47%
- % No: 24%
- % No Answer: 29%
SDG Indicators: Prison

Proportion of unsentenced detainees as to the overall prison population

- % Yes: 47%
- % No: 35%
- % No Answer: 18%
Number of seized small arms and light weapons that are recorded and traced, in accordance with international standards and legal instrument?

- % Yes: 30%
- % No Answer: 29%
- % No: 41%
SDG Indicators : Corruption

Number of persons/businesses who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12months

**Persons**

AND who paid a bribe to a public official
- % Yes 23%
- % No 53%

AND who were asked for a bribe by those public officials
- % Yes 18%
- % No 47%

**Businesses**

AND who paid a bribe to a public official
- % Yes 6%
- % No 71%

AND who were asked for a bribe by those public officials
- % No 29%
- % No 71%
## Comparison Between 2014 & 2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Awareness of ICCS - (% No: Not aware)</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>42.9%</td>
<td>17.6%</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Awareness of SDG</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>36.0%</td>
<td>88.0%</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Awareness of International Processes</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere</td>
<td>78.6%</td>
<td>82.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence and torture against children</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all its forms</td>
<td>42.9%</td>
<td>56.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls, including trafficking and sexual exploitation</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>81.3%</td>
</tr>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crime Victimization Surveys (Implementing Institution)</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Statistical Office</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>29.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Another gov’t agency, non-governmental agency, private agency and int’l organizations</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>71.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Concluding Remarks

• Statistical infrastructure in place in several countries
• Some issues of data coverage
• Issues of data dissemination
• Victimisation surveys, a tool that is not yet frequently used
• NSO often involved, in several cases as ‘user’ of data produced by other institutions; less involved in validation or adjustment; VS implemented more frequently by other gov’t agencies or int’l organizations rather than NSO
• Statistical data published, but analytical reporting not so frequent
• Demographics of offenders and victims are frequently reported; crime situations (weapons, motives, v-o relationship, etc) less frequently reported
• Exposure to international processes has become strengthened
• SDG indicators are well collected, except community safety and corruption