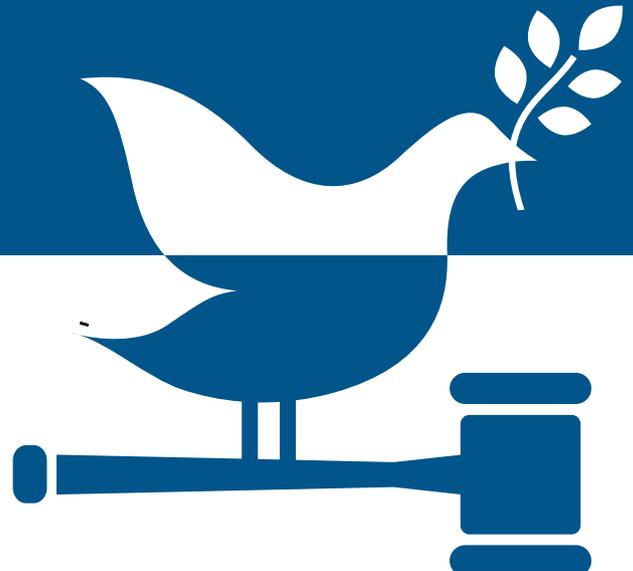




UNODC

United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

BETTER DATA TO MONITOR VIOLENCE, TRAFFICKING, CORRUPTION AND THE RULE OF LAW





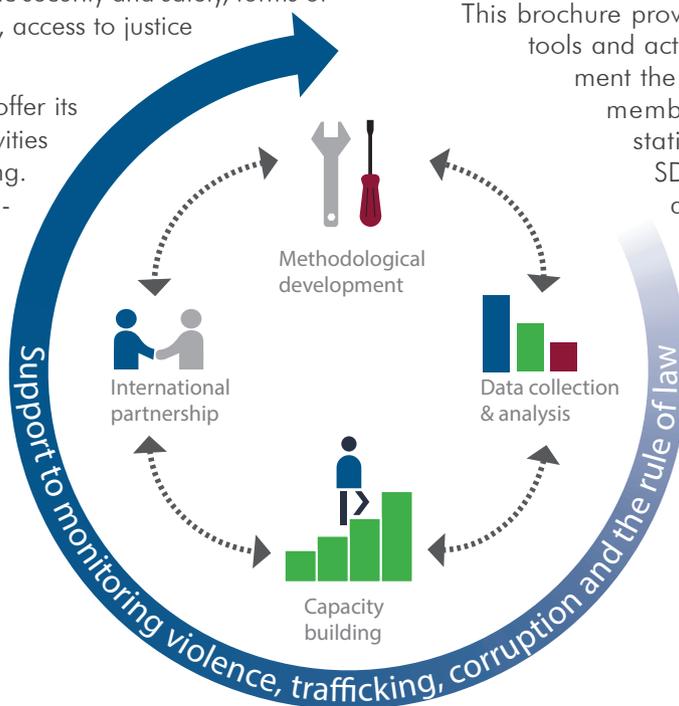
OUR SUPPORT TO MONITORING VIOLENCE, TRAFFICKING, CORRUPTION AND THE RULE OF LAW

UNODC is the international focal point on crime and criminal justice statistics and through the years, has led international work to improve data in these areas. In 2013 the 'Road map to improve the quality and availability of crime statistics at the national and international levels' was adopted by the UN Statistical Commission and the UN Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice. Since then, a number of key tools have been developed which now lend themselves to support monitoring of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Specifically, these instruments and activities will benefit the monitoring of Goal 16 targets on public security and safety, forms of illicit trafficking, corruption, access to justice and the rule of law.

UNODC stands ready to offer its tools and expertise for activities related to SDG monitoring. UNODC regularly disseminates data on a number of topics included in the SDG framework such as: intentional homicide, violent crimes, gender-based violence, crime reporting rate, unsentenced detention, bribery, victims of trafficking in persons, illicit trafficking of firearms and wildlife crime.

At the request of member states, UNODC will provide guidance in the improvement of national frameworks to monitor public security and safety, access to justice and the rule of law. Technical support can be provided on indicators and data sources, methodological guidance and capacity building activities.

This brochure provides a short description of tools and activities undertaken to implement the Road Map and to support member states in improving statistics to monitor relevant SDGs targets in Goals 5, 15 and 16.





INTERNATIONAL DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS

UNODC has been conducting a global data collection on crime and criminal justice (UN-CTS) since the 1970s. Its major goal is to collect data on the incidence of crime and the operations of criminal justice systems with a view to improving its global analysis and dissemination.

ACHIEVEMENTS

- ✓ Establishment of a **global network of national UN-CTS focal points**, which is the basis to expand coverage and quality of collected data. UN-CTS coverage has now reached approximately 52% of countries, corresponding to 76% of the global population.
- ✓ UNODC has established the **homicide statistics database**, a global and comprehensive repository of data on intentional homicide. This database is the basis for the **Global Study on Homicide**, a flagship publication that analyses global and regional features of homicidal violence and its drivers.
- ✓ Regular data collection on trafficking in persons, which serves as the basis of the biennial production of the **Global Report on Trafficking in Persons** as well as the new programme of research on wildlife crime which is currently compiling the first international data repository for monitoring trends and patterns in wildlife crime.



Global Report on Trafficking in Persons:

<https://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/data-and-analysis/glotip.html>

Global Study on Homicide:

<https://www.unodc.org/gsh/>

CTS Data:

<https://data.unodc.org/>



CAPACITY BUILDING

UNODC in cooperation with the UNODC-INEGI CoE has undertaken a number of initiatives (advisory services, training tools, training activities and seminars) across world regions to support national institutions in the production of crime and criminal justice statistics.

ACHIEVEMENTS

- ✓ **Training workshops delivered and e-training packages** created to support the implementation of **victimization surveys** and improvements to **administrative data** from law enforcement, judiciary and prisons. The services have been delivered in Asia, Africa and Latin America with more than 500 participants across 40 countries.
- ✓ **Advisory services** to implement surveys in the areas of **corruption and bribery, victimization and access to justice** in countries as Afghanistan, Nigeria, Iraq and the Western Balkans.

Reports on corruption and bribery:

<https://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/data-and-analysis/statistics/corruption.html>

UNODC – INEGI CENTER OF EXCELLENCE

The UNODC-INEGI CoE seeks to develop institutional capacities throughout the Latin American region and at the international level regarding statistical processes in the fields of government, public security, victimization and justice by providing training, technical assistance in the collection, production and dissemination of statistics, promoting the exchange of methodologies and the adoption of regional and international standards.

Center of Excellence:

http://www.cdeunodc.inegi.org.mx/unodc_en.html#



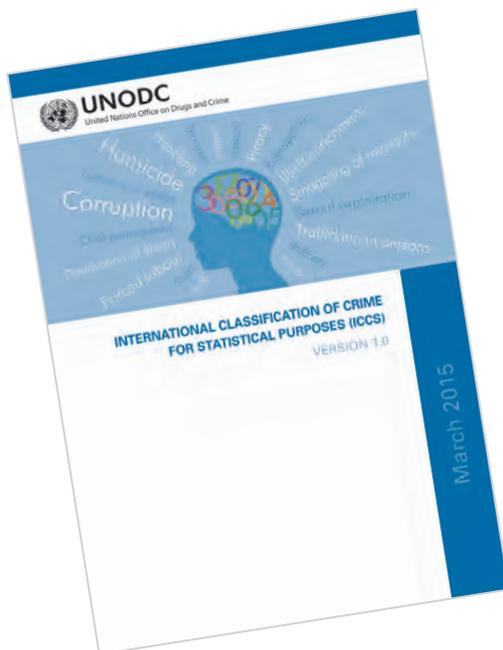


METHODOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT

Improving the quality of crime data through international standards and guidance is a priority. Reliable statistics on crime and criminal justice are critical for measuring changes in crime levels, patterns and to monitor state responses to crime. However, issues of data availability, quality and comparability remain a challenge in many countries and regions.

ACHIEVEMENTS

- ✓ **The International Classification of Crime for Statistical Purposes (ICCS)** is a landmark achievement and provides a standard classification of criminal offences enhancing the consistency and international comparability of crime statistics.
- ✓ **The Latin America and the Caribbean Crime Victimization Survey Initiative (LACSI)** lead jointly by UNODC and the UNODC-INEGI Centre of Excellence (CoE) aims to produce a common methodology to promote high quality and standardized victimization surveys.
- ✓ An **Atlas of Victimization Surveys** including data, methodologies and reports of the surveys conducted around the world is now available for public consultation to facilitate the exchange of best practices and the adoption of sound methodological standards.



ICCS:

<https://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/data-and-analysis/statistics/iccs.html>

Atlas on Victimization Surveys:

http://www.cdeunodc.inegi.org.mx/unodc_en.html#



INTERNATIONAL DIALOGUE AND PARTNERSHIPS

A crosscutting pillar within the areas of the road map is international dialogue and partnerships. A global partnership is needed to improve data on crime, access to justice and rule of law. UNODC has developed a number of significant activities that have been implemented jointly with key national and international partners:

ACHIEVEMENTS

- ✓ Partnerships for data collection with **Eurostat** and the **Organization of American States**. This type of cooperation has a positive impact in streamlining data-collection processes, improving data quality and reducing the response burden on countries for international data collections.
- ✓ Cooperation with the **Inter-American Development Bank**, the **Organization of American States** and **United Nations Development Programme** in the development of capacity building tools and trainings in Latin America and the Caribbean.
- ✓ In the Asia/Pacific region, a regional process to improve crime and criminal justice statistics has been launched in collaboration with the **United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific**, the **Korean Institute of Criminology** and the **Thailand Institute of Justice**.
- ✓ Two large **international conferences** were held in Mexico to present and discuss new methodologies and best practices on **statistics and measurement of crime, victimization and criminal justice**. Over 700 people attended from over 40 countries. **The third conference is scheduled on June 7-10, 2016 in Merida (Mexico)**.



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