



Regional Office for South Asia

Funded by:



USA

OUTPUTS

- Law enforcement officers trained
- Strengthened anti-human trafficking units
- Standard operating procedures and protocols trained
- Improved law enforcement and civil society liaison

IND/S16: Strengthening the law enforcement response in India against Trafficking in persons through training and capacity building

Budget: US\$ 2.081m

Duration: 2 years (Feb 2006 - Feb 2008)

The objective of the project is to reduce the number of trafficked persons into and in India. The strategy it adopts is to strengthen the capacity of Indian law enforcement officers by raising their awareness in respect to trafficking. Through a series of training programs, the project will, over a two-year period, raise the awareness of law enforcement officers (i.e., police and prosecutors), on the problem of human trafficking and build their capacity to better investigate and prosecute perpetrators of this crime. The states selected for the training represent source, destination and transit areas for human trafficking of differing types (e.g., Trafficking of women and children for commercial sexual exploitation, child labour, bonded labour, etc.).



HUMAN TRAFFICKING ROUTES

International trafficking

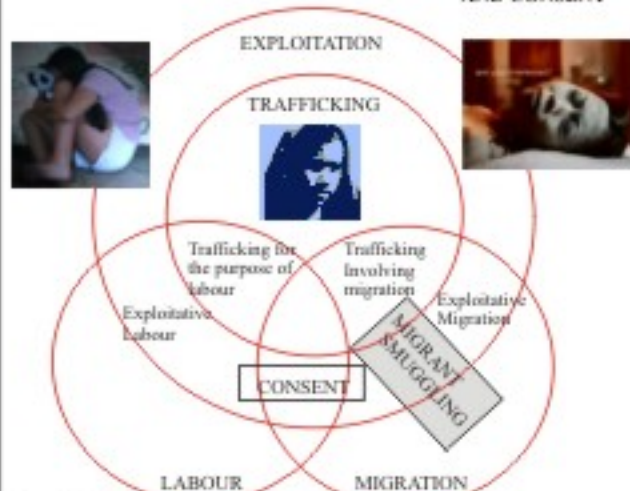
Source areas

Internal trafficking within India

- Nepal into India: 200,000 est.
- Bangladesh into India: 300,000 est.
- India: est. 2-3 million people trafficked.
- Intra India trafficking: 90% of trafficked people.

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

INTERPLAY BETWEEN EXPLOITATION, TRAFFICKING, LABOUR, MIGRATION, SMUGGLING AND CONSENT



Source: ECOSOC