EVALUATING CRIME PREVENTION STRATEGIES: CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

CCPCJ THEMATIC DISCUSSIONS ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE KYOTO DECLARATION
AGENDA

1. Evaluation at UNODC and in the larger context

2. Evaluating Crime Prevention Strategies

3. Strengthening national evaluation capacities
1. EVALUATION AT UNODC

IMPROVED UNODC AND PARTNER COUNTRIES’ ACCOUNTABILITY AND EVALUATION-BASED DECISION MAKING

- Evaluation Capacity Development and SDGs
- Evaluation Results
- Evaluation Knowledge Products, Communication, and Innovation
1. EVALUATION IN THE LARGER CONTEXT

UN reforms & SDGs require focus on evaluation

Crime Congress & Kyoto Declaration: increased need for evaluation highlighted

Large amount of evaluation and oversight results across UN

Aggregating results to inform decision-making – UNODC one of the first

Innovative IT systems and approaches required
2. WHY EVALUATING STRATEGIES?

- Understanding success factors – what works and why?
- Engaging of variety of stakeholders
- Support results-based management systems
2. CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

- International norms and standards
- Different types – process, results, impact evaluations
- Delivering evaluations within constraints – example: COVID-19
2. EXAMPLES: META-SYNTHESSES AND TOOLKIT
2. KEY CONSIDERATIONS FOR SUCCESS

- Appropriate timing to offer targeted information
- Sufficient financial and human resources
- Participatory approaches and methods
3. NATIONAL EVALUATION CAPACITY

Need to mainstream evaluation into policy design, implementation and reporting

Strong national evaluation systems and practices are key

High-quality evaluation at all levels – UNODC offers support
THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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