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Commission on Narcotic Drugs

Fifty-first session

Vienna, 10-14 March 2008

Items 8 and 9 of the provisional agenda*

Strengthening the drug programme of the United Nations

Office on Drugs and Crime and the role of the

Commission on Narcotic Drugs as its governing body

Administrative and budgetary matters

**List of resolutions and decisions requesting action by the
United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (2003-2007)****

Summary

The present conference room paper provides information on all resolutions adopted over the previous five years indicating the status of implementation and the type of resources used. It has been prepared pursuant to Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolutions 50/14 “Budget for the Fund of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme”.

* E/CN.7/2008/1.

** This conference room paper has not been edited.



List of resolutions and decisions requesting action by UNODC

FIFTIETH SESSION OF THE COMMISSION ON NARCOTIC DRUGS (12-16 MARCH AND 28-29 NOVEMBER 2007)

Reporting and other obligations arising from resolutions and decisions adopted and recommended by the CND

GA Resolution (2007)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
International cooperation against the world drug problem A/RES/62/176	31	<i>Reaffirms</i> the importance of the UNODC and its regional offices in building capacity at the local level in the fight against transnational organized crime and drug trafficking, and urges the Office to consider regional vulnerabilities, projects and impact in the fight against drug trafficking, in particular in developing countries, when deciding to close and allocate offices, with a view to maintaining an effective level of support to national and regional efforts in combating the world drug problem;	Implemented.	Ongoing reviews are undertaken on the role, functions and impacts of regional and country field offices.
	32	<i>Welcomes</i> the work carried out by the UNODC, and requests the Office to continue to carry out its mandate in accordance with previous relevant resolutions of the General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council and the Commission on Narcotic Drugs;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing
	34	<i>Urges</i> the UNODC to increase collaboration with intergovernmental, international and regional organizations that have drug control mandates, as appropriate, in order to share best practices and to take advantage of their unique comparative advantage;	Implemented.	In implementing its mandate, UNODC has worked closely with intergovernmental, international and regional organizations, such as World Customs Organisation, Interpol, Europol, SECI Centre, SARPCO, SAARC, OSCE, OAS, as well as other agencies and entities of the United Nations, including IMO, DPKO, and DPA.
	36	<i>Requests</i> the UNODC to carry out, at the request of Member States, training programmes to support the adoption of sound methods and to harmonize indicators used for statistics on drug use, which have	Partly implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources. UNODC, through its Global Assessment Programme on Drug Abuse (GAP) and other projects, provided assistance to MS on harmonizing indicators.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		already been considered by the Statistical Commission, in order to collect and analyse comparable data on drug abuse;		
	41	<i>Calls upon</i> the relevant United Nations agencies and entities and other international organizations, and invites international financial institutions, including regional development banks, to mainstream drug control issues into their programmes, and calls upon the <u>UNODC</u> to maintain its leading role by providing relevant information and technical assistance;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing.

ECOSOC Resolutions (2007)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
The need for a balance between demand for and supply of opiates used to meet medical and scientific needs E/RES/2007/9	7	<i>Requests</i> INCB to continue monitoring implementation of relevant Economic and Social Council resolutions in full compliance with the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 and that Convention as amended by the 1972 Protocol;	Implemented.	
	8	<i>Requests</i> the Secretary-General to transmit the text of the present resolution to all Governments for consideration and implementation.	Implemented. Note Verbale NAR/CL.7/2007	
Improvement of drug abuse data collection by Member States in order to enhance data reliability and the comparability of information provided E/RES/2007/10	1	<i>Stresses</i> the importance of UNODC and other relevant intergovernmental organizations carrying out, at the request of Member States, training programmes to support the adoption of sound methods and the harmonization of indicators used for statistics on drug use, which have already been considered by the Statistical Commission, with the view to the collection and analysis of comparable data on drug abuse;	Partly implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources. UNODC through its Global Assessment Programme on Drug Abuse (GAP) and other projects, provided assistance to MS on harmonizing indicators.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Support to the counter-narcotic measures and programmes of Afghanistan E/RES/2007/11	10	<i>Calls upon</i> the UNODC to work alongside donors, in their capacity as partner nations, in particular the lead partner nation to the Government of Afghanistan in counter-narcotic activities, in order to ensure that the multilateral assistance provided to Afghanistan is fully aligned with the priorities set in its National Drug Control Strategy;	Partly implemented.	UNODC Afghanistan, in close consultation with the lead partner nations on counter-narcotics and police matters, continued to support the implementation of the National Drug Control Strategy and its eight pillars. In particular, technical assistance in law enforcement training and Ministry of Counter Narcotics capacity building at provincial level increased steeply during 2007. However, drug demand reduction technical assistance was characterized by limited funding. In the field of international and regional co-operation, UNODC started the implementation of new regional projects and facilitated several meetings on border control among Iran and Pakistan and other partner nations, within the framework of its Triangular Border Initiative.
Strategy for the period 2008-2011 for the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime E/RES/2007/12	2	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC to incorporate the strategy for the period 2008-2011 into the strategic framework and to present the latter to the relevant intergovernmental bodies, for their consideration and approval;	Implemented.	The Draft Strategic Framework 2010-2011, based on the Strategy for 2008-2011, is in the process of being adopted.
	3	<i>Stresses</i> that all action aimed at implementing the strategy for the period 2008-2011 for UNODC, especially action involving the participation of relevant civil society entities, shall be undertaken in full consultation with and at the request of the Member States concerned;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing.
	4	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to prepare the consolidated budget for the biennium 2008-2009, as well as for the biennium 2010-2011, for UNODC, based, inter alia, on the strategy for the period 2008-2011 for UNODC;	Implemented for 2008-09. See document E/CN.7/2007/17-E/CN.15/2007/18	The consolidated budget for the biennium 2010-2011 will be presented at the reconvened 52nd session of the CND.
	6	<i>Recommends</i> that a sufficient share of the regular budget of the United Nations be allocated to the UNODC to enable it to fulfil its mandates;		This is an ongoing biennial process. Most new mandates are subject to availability of extrabudgetary resources.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	7	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of UNODC to submit to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its reconvened fiftieth session a report identifying the medium-term strategy activities projected for the period 2008-2009 and the estimated cost to implement them;	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2007/17-E/CN.15/2007/18	
	8	<i>Also requests</i> the Executive Director to report, through the programme performance report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, on progress made in the implementation of the strategy for the period 2008-2011 for UNODC;	Not implemented.	The programme performance report for 2008-09 will be submitted in 2009. Since the Strategic Framework for 2008-2009 was drafted before the Strategy was approved, the programme performance report (PPR) for this period will not cover UNODC's Strategy. However, the draft Strategic Framework for 2010-2011 has been aligned to the Strategy so the PPR for that period will reflect on the Strategy.
	9	<i>Requests</i> UNODC to continue to improve its evaluation mechanisms and project cycle management.	Partly implemented.	Additional extrabudgetary resources needed. UNODC has put in place a new evaluation system, and conducted training for 120 officials on PCM and Evaluation. The institutionalization of phase 2 training in PCM and Evaluation is underway.

ECOSOC Decisions (2007)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its fiftieth session and provisional agenda and documentation for the fifty-first session of the Commission ECOSOC Decision 2007/242		To finalize the items to be included in the provisional agenda and the documentation requirements for the 51st session	Implemented.	Work completed at intersessional meetings, reconvened session and through meetings of an ad intersessional working group of the Commission.

CND Resolutions (2007)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Follow-up to the Second Ministerial Conference on Drug Trafficking Routes from Afghanistan CND Res. 50/1	5	<i>Urges</i> Member States and the UNODC and invites interested international organizations to promote the implementation of the Moscow Declaration adopted by the Second Ministerial Conference on Drug Trafficking Routes from Afghanistan and the recommendations of the Conference;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing. Extrabudgetary resources available. The continuation of the Paris Pact Initiative – an outcome of the Second Ministerial Conference on Drug Trafficking Routes from Afghanistan – was initiated by UNODC in January 2007 (UNODC approved project number GLOJ33). This second phase of the Paris Pact project, a partnership of more than 50 countries and international organizations, will run for 3 years, from January 2007 until December 2009. The current estimated budget is \$2.7m (to be revised shortly). Funding partners are the EC, Italy, Russian Federation, France, Turkey, Sweden, US, Greece and Austria.
Provisions regarding travellers under medical treatment with internationally controlled drugs CND res. 50/2	8	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its fifty-first session on the measures taken and on progress achieved in the implementation of the present resolution. <i>Urges</i> INCB to publish, including electronically, information on restrictions in national jurisdictions applicable to travellers under medical treatment with internationally controlled drugs;	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2008/10	Information has been received from 73 Governments and put in a standard format. It will be published electronically by March 2008; a printed version will be issued as well.
	3	<i>Requests</i> UNODC to share the concerns of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs with the Expert Committee on Drug Dependence of the World Health Organization, and, in that regard, looks forward to the updated review	Implemented. Note sent to DG WHO on 9/10/2007.	
	4	<i>Requests</i> INCB, in its report for 2007, to inform Member States of the state of the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See paras. 234 and 235 of the INCB report for 2007.	
Responding to the threat posed by the abuse and diversion of ketamine	3			

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
CND Res. 50/3		of ketamine in the report of the Expert Committee.		
Improving the quality and performance of drug analysis laboratories CND Res. 50/4	1	<i>Recommends</i> that UNODC continues supporting the analytical work of laboratories by providing reference samples of controlled substances, by identifying best practices and encouraging the use of guidelines, subject to extrabudgetary resources, by developing manuals on standard methods including relevant research, by offering training opportunities and by promoting and facilitating the exchange of information, material and data;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing. Additional human and financial resources are necessary in order to ensure the sustainability of core activities beyond the two years. US\$ 150,000 is required over two years.
	2	<i>Requests</i> UNODC to support the integration of laboratories and scientific support into drug control frameworks and the use of analytical data as a primary source of information worldwide, for example, for systems giving early warning on new drug trends;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing. Although some activities are being implemented, more funds are needed to carry out targeted activities.
	3	<i>Also requests</i> UNODC to build on its corporate knowledge and, subject to extrabudgetary resources, to conduct in-depth analyses in order to identify competency requirements, training needs and other areas where assistance could be provided;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing. Lack of resources. US\$ 250,000 is required over two years. Additional resources, in particular human, are necessary in order to ensure the sustainability of core activities beyond the two years.
	4	<i>Requests</i> UNODC, in cooperation with Member States, to devote attention to drug analysis laboratories, including forensic laboratories and other laboratories, developing project proposals, as appropriate, for capacity-building, providing services to drug abuse treatment and toxicology, on the priorities recommended and requested in the present resolution;	Partly implemented.	Additional extrabudgetary resources are necessary for this and other specific projects. Ongoing. US\$ 700,000 is needed over two years to supplement the budget of the project "Comprehensive laboratory and scientific support programme for Africa". The total budget of this 4-year project with three phases is US\$ 3,700,000.
Identifying sources of precursors used in illicit drug manufacture	1	<i>Invites</i> the International Narcotics Control Board, working with Member States, relevant international bodies and existing initiatives such as Project Cohesion, to	Partly implemented.	Ongoing

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
CND res. 50/5		continue to identify the main sources of the acetic anhydride supplied to the main regions manufacturing heroin, the methods of diversion employed and the trafficking routes used;		
	2	<i>Also invites</i> the International Narcotics Control Board, working with Member States, relevant inter-national bodies and existing initiatives such as Project Cohesion, to continue to identify the main sources of the potassium permanganate supplied to the main regions manufacturing cocaine, the methods of diversion employed and the trafficking routes used;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing
	3	<i>Further invites</i> the International Narcotics Control Board, working with Member States, relevant international bodies and existing initiatives such as Project Prism, to continue to identify the main sources of the ephedrine, pseudoephedrine and 1-phenyl-2-propanone supplied to the main regions manufacturing amphetamine and methamphetamine, the methods of diversion employed and the trafficking routes used;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing
Strengthening international support for Haiti in combating the drug problem CND Res.50/8	2	<i>Calls upon</i> Member States and requests UNODC, subject to extrabudgetary resources, to strengthen initiatives and programmes aimed at providing technical support and assistance for the efforts by the Government of Haiti to combat illicit drug trafficking and reduce the demand for illicit drugs;	Implemented.	UNODC undertook a technical needs assessment to Haiti. The findings and proposals were presented to a meeting of UNODC donors. A staff member has been recruited to carry forward the UNODC programme with the Government of Haiti.
	3	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of UNODC to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its fifty-second session on the implementation of the present resolution.	Not implemented.	Reporting due at 52nd session in 2009.
Use of drug characterization and chemical profiling in support of drug law enforcement	5	Requests the Executive Director of UNODC to continue to develop the programme of technical assistance relating to drug characterization and chemical profiling and the elaboration of assessments of trends in	Partly implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources. US\$ 150,000 is needed over two years. Some activities are ongoing, though more funds are required to conduct specific activities such as technical assistance and

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
intelligence-gathering and operational work, as well as trend analysis CND Res. 50/9	9	<p>illicit manufacturing of and trafficking in drugs, <u>subject to extrabudgetary resources</u>, in consultation with interested Member States, particularly developing countries, taking into account their specific needs in that area.</p> <p><i>Calls upon</i> Member States that have not already done so, and where appropriate, to further develop national guidelines and training programmes for operators, in cooperation with INCB and UNODC, in order to facilitate and to enhance legal and voluntary cooperation with the industrial sectors concerned, making them aware of their responsibilities and providing practical advice to identify suspicious transactions and orders.</p>	Partly implemented.	<p>trend analysis.</p> <p>An Expert Group Meeting on Developing of Guidelines for Governments in Establishing a National Voluntary Code of Practice for the Chemical Industry, 20-22 February 2008, Vienna</p>
<p>International cooperation in preventing the illegal distribution of internationally control-led licit substances via the Internet</p> <p>CND Res. 50/11</p>	4	<p><i>Encourages</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to continue its work with a view to raising awareness of and preventing the misuse of the Internet for the illegal supply, sale and distribution of internationally controlled licit substances;</p>	Partly implemented.	<p>Ongoing.</p> <p>Additional resources are needed to carry out more in-depth analysis of the information received.</p> <p>Awareness has been raised. Guidelines on matters related to Internet sites are being finalized.</p>
CND Res. 50/11	7	<p><i>Requests</i> UNODC to transmit the resolution to all Member States.</p>	<p>Implemented.</p> <p>Note Verbale NAR/CL.8/2007</p>	

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Measures to meet the goal of establishing by 2009 the progress achieved in implementing the declarations and measures adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session	1	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of UNODC to submit to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its fifty-first session the report to be prepared pursuant to its resolution 42/11, drawing together information gathered through all previous biennial reports questionnaires and the report requested in its resolution 49/1,	Implemented. See: E/CN.7/2007/7 E/CN.7/2008/8	Extrabudgetary resources provided by EC.
CND Res. 50/12	4	<i>Requests</i> UNODC to invite, prior to the fifty-first session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, relevant intergovernmental, international and regional organizations to make available supplementary information in order to facilitate the deliberations of the Commission at that session;	Implemented. See: E/CN.7/2007/7 E/CN.7/2008/8	Extrabudgetary resources provided by EC. UNODC organized and serviced the experts meetings.
Budget outline for the biennium 2008-2009 for the Fund of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme	4	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to submit to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its reconvened 50th session a proposed consolidated budget for the biennium 2008-2009 based on the figures contained in the budget outline;	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2007/17- E/CN.15/2007/18	
CND Res. 50/13	5	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to prepare the consolidated budget for the biennium 2008-2009, as well as for the biennium 2010-2011, of UNODC based, inter alia, on the strategy for the period 2008-2011 for UNODC, as approved in draft resolution on the UNODC strategy (draft resolution IV above, for adoption by ECOSOC)	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2007/17- E/CN.15/2007/18	The consolidated budget for the biennium 2010-2011 will be presented at the 52nd reconvened session of the CND.
	6	<i>Requests</i> that the consolidated budget 2008-2009 takes full account the ACABQ recommendations (re. para. 4 of E/CN.7/2007/13).	Implemented. See documents E/CN.7/2007/17- E/CN.15/2007/18 and	

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Final Budget for the biennium 2008-2009 for the Fund of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme CND Res. 50/14	8	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director, taking into account Economic and Social Council resolution 2007/12 and the relevant General Assembly resolutions on programme planning, to submit to the Commission at its fifty-first session a report on the financial difficulties faced by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime when implementing its mandates and to provide a list of all resolutions that have not been implemented during the previous five years owing to lack of resources;	Partly implemented. See: E/CN.7/2008/11	Ongoing. Additional information is to be provided to the Commission at its 51st session in a conference room paper.
	9	<i>Also requests</i> the Executive Director to submit annual reports to the Commission on: (a) Ways and means of improving the financial situation of UNODC, including the situation of field offices, (b) The programmes and initiatives to be implemented by UNODC in the bienniums 2008-2009 and 2010-2011 and how they conform with the medium-term strategy of the Office, as reflected in the strategic framework.	Partly implemented. See: E/CN.7/2008/11 See: E/CN.7/2008/12	Ongoing.
	10	<i>Further requests</i> the Executive Director to submit to the Commission at its fifty-first session a detailed account of the exemptions and reductions provided to donors from the 13 per cent programme cost during the past three years and the basis for such exemptions and discounts.	Implemented.	The information is to be provided to the Commission at its 51st session in a conference room paper.

GA Resolution (2006)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
International cooperation against the world drug problem A/RES/61/183	32	<i>Reaffirms</i> the importance of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and its regional offices in building capacity at the local level in the fight against transnational organized crime and drug trafficking, and urges the Office to consider regional vulnerabilities, projects and impact in the fight against drug trafficking, in particular in developing countries, when deciding to close or allocate offices, with a view to maintaining an effective level of support to national and regional efforts in combating the world drug problem;	Implemented.	Ongoing reviews are undertaken of the role, functions and impacts of regional and country field offices.
	33	<i>Welcomes</i> the work carried out by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime in implementing its mandate, and requests the Office to continue: <i>(a)</i> To strengthen a constructive and effective dialogue with Member States and also to ensure continued improvement in management, so as to contribute to enhanced and sustainable programme delivery and further encourage the Executive Director to maximize the effectiveness of the drug programme of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, inter alia, through the full implementation of Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolutions, in particular the recommendations contained therein;	(a) Partly implemented.	Ongoing Inter-essional meetings for the Permanent Missions take place regularly. In addition regular ad hoc briefings are held for Permanent Missions on all aspects of the work of the Office, including management, as well as, since 2007, regular "Jour Fixe" has been established. The Office also holds regular briefings and consultations for all permanent missions and for individual regional groups and with the chairpersons of the regional groups' and chairpersons of the governing bodies on topical issues, such as to facilitate the review of the consolidated budget of the Office.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		<p>(b) To strengthen cooperation with Member States and with United Nations programmes, funds and relevant agencies, as well as relevant regional organizations and agencies and non-governmental organizations, and to provide, upon request, assistance in implementing the outcome of the twentieth special session of the General Assembly;</p>	(b) Partly implemented.	<p>Ongoing.</p> <p>UNODC, through its field and HQ global assistance programmes, responded by supporting Member States and others in the implementation of the outcomes of the special session of the General Assembly.</p>
		<p>(c) To increase its assistance, within the available voluntary resources, to countries that are deploying efforts to reduce illicit crop cultivation by, in particular, adopting alternative development programmes and incorporating them into wider economic and social development programmes, and to explore new and innovative funding mechanisms;</p>	(c) Partly implemented	<p>(c) Funds are insufficient to allow UNODC to make a larger financial commitment to the MS, both for project execution and for advocacy.</p> <p>UNODC has been actively promoting the inclusion of counter-narcotics/alternative development approaches into wider development assistance through participation in different mechanisms such as the Global Donor Platform on Rural Development (GDPRD) and the EC-FAO-GTZ-UNODC “Mainstreaming” initiative. In addition, UNODC has been exploring new funding possibilities in the area of carbon trading.</p>
		<p>(d) To allocate, while keeping the balance between supply and demand reduction programmes, adequate resources to allow it to fulfil its role in the implementation of the Action Plan for the Implementation of the Declaration on the Guiding Principles of Drug Demand Reduction, and to support countries, upon their request, in further continuing to develop and implement drug demand reduction policies;</p>	(d) Partly implemented.	<p>(d) Resources available to UNDOC and MS were not sufficient to implement all the activities required in the Action Plan. This is clear in the analysis of BRQ data. UNODC resources for demand reduction have remained stable during the last years at around 13 per cent of the budget. The only area of increase has been HIV/AIDS.</p>

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		<p>(e) To take into account the outcome of the twentieth special session of the General Assembly, to include in its report on illicit drug trafficking an updated, objective and comprehensive assessment of worldwide trends in illicit traffic and transit in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, including methods and routes used, and to recommend ways and means of improving the capacity of States along those routes to address all aspects of the drug problem;</p>	(e) Implemented.	<p>(c) Regular budget resources available. A current assessment of trends, routes, modus operandi and within the reporting on the convening of CND subsidiary bodies, recommendations to improve capacity and responses of MS is included in the regular report to CND.</p>
		<p>(f) To engage, subject to the availability of extrabudgetary resources, with national and regional experts from all geographical regions, as well as experts from relevant international organizations in the field of drug control, on the collection and use of complementary drug-related data and expertise to support the global assessment by Member States of the implementation of the declarations and measures adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session;</p>	<p>(f) Implemented. Sec: E/CN.7/2007/7 E/CN.7/2008/8</p>	(f) Extrabudgetary resources provided by EC.
		<p>(g) To publish the <i>World Drug Report</i>, with comprehensive and balanced information about the world drug problem, and to seek additional extrabudgetary resources for its publication in all the official languages;</p>	(g) Partly implemented.	<p>(g) Extrabudgetary resources are not available to translate the report into all the official languages. (US\$ 45,000 is needed to publish the report in Arabic, Chinese and Russian languages). The <i>World Drug Report 2007</i> was published in English, Spanish and French.</p>
		<p>(h) To provide technical assistance, from available voluntary contributions for that purpose, to those States identified by relevant international bodies as the most affected by the transit of drugs, in particular developing countries in need of such assistance and support;</p>	(h) Implemented.	<p>(h) Both regular budget and extrabudgetary resources were used. Assistance to transit States is provided through the UNODC programme of technical assistance, delivered through its FO network and Vienna-based global programmes.</p>
		<p>(i) To provide assistance to Member States requesting support in establishing or strengthening scientific and forensic capabilities, and to promote the integration</p>	(i) Partly implemented.	<p>(i) Insufficient regular budget and extrabudgetary resources. Ongoing. Technical assistance activities are ongoing,</p>

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		of scientific support to national, regional and international drug control frameworks, legislation and practices;		but capacity building ones require funding.
		(j) To provide legal advisory services to Member States, upon request, in support of their implementation of the international drug control conventions;	(j) Partly implemented.	(j) Lack of extrabudgetary resources. Ongoing
		(k) To share information with Member States on the work carried out towards the assessment of the implementation of the goals and targets of the twentieth special session of the General Assembly;	(k) Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2007/2 and Add. I to 6.	
		(l) To report annually to the General Assembly on the work of the Office in connection with the areas mentioned in the present paragraph;	(l) Implemented. See document A/62/117.	
	37	<i>Calls upon</i> the relevant United Nations agencies and entities and other international organizations, and invites international financial institutions, including regional development banks, to mainstream drug control issues into their programmes, and calls upon the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to maintain its leading role by providing relevant information and technical assistance;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing.

ECOSOC Resolutions (2006)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Baku Accord on Regional Cooperation against Illicit Drugs and Related Matters: a Vision for the Twenty-first Century E/RES/2006/30	3	<i>Requests</i> the Secretary-General to inform all Member States, relevant specialized agencies and other entities of the United Nations system and other intergovernmental organizations of the Baku Accord on Regional Cooperation against Illicit Drugs and Related Matters.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2006/4	Member States were informed through the report E/CN.7/2006/4.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Using alternative development programmes to reduce the cultivation of cannabis plants E/RES/2006/31	2	<i>Calls upon</i> Member States and requests the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to implement General Assembly resolution 59/160 on the control of cultivation of and trafficking in cannabis;	Partly implemented See document E/CN.7/2008/9.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources.
	4	<i>Calls upon</i> Member States and invites organizations with experience and relevant expertise in the eradication of illicit crops and in the design and implementation of alternative development programmes to share that experience and expertise, upon request, with States seeking to develop and implement eradication and alternative development programmes with a view to reducing the cultivation of cannabis plants, especially in Africa, and requests the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to facilitate efforts in that regard;	Partly implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources. UNODC facilitated the invitation of an official from Morocco to attend a workshop on alternative development that UNODC co-sponsored, together with GTZ and FAO in Bangkok, in 2007. However, Morocco did not send a representative to the workshop. The Office is planning a programming mission to Morocco in order to assist the country in its endeavour to address cannabis cultivation through alternative development. UNODC also facilitated the exchange of experience on alternative development between Thailand and Indonesia. Indonesia is contemplating alternative development programmes to address cannabis cultivation in the Province of Aceh. Voluntary contributions could not yet be secured to conduct a survey of the extent of cannabis cultivation in Indonesia (Aceh Province).
	6	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, when requested by States reporting the large-scale cultivation of cannabis plants, to conduct a study with development partners, subject to the availability of extrabudgetary resources, on the feasibility of implementing alternative development programmes in those countries;	Not implemented.	Extrabudgetary funds secured for the first phase assistance to Morocco. Programming mission to Morocco planned.
	8	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to consider the possibility of developing a global, integrated and balanced strategy for alternative development in consultation with Member States, in coordination with ongoing efforts to establish an overarching strategy,	Not implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources. The development of an integrated and balanced global strategy would be dependent, inter alia, on the results of an assessment of the global cannabis situation for which UNODC has prepared a proposal, estimated to require US\$9.1 million. To date, no

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		pursuant to paragraphs 9 and 10 of Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolution 48/14;		interest has been shown by Member States to fund that activity.
	9	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its fifty-first session on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2008/9	
Support for the National Drug Control Strategy of the Government of Afghanistan E/RES/2006/32	9	<i>Invites</i> Member States to provide the necessary resources to the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to support the work of the Central Asian Regional Information and Coordination Centre;	Partly Implemented.	Ongoing. Extrabudgetary funding used.
	10	<i>Calls upon</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to strengthen its efforts, <u>subject to the availability of extrabudgetary resources</u> , to ensure that multilateral assistance is provided to Afghanistan in full support of its National Drug Control Strategy;	Partly implemented.	Extrabudgetary funding from Austria, Australia, Belgium, Denmark, the EC, Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, Finland, Canada, Germany, the Netherlands, Italy, the US, the UK Liechtenstein, UNDP and the Human Security Fund, used.
Strengthening international cooperation for alternative development, including preventive alternative development, with due regard for environmental protection E/RES/2006/33	2	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, <u>subject to the availability of extrabudgetary resources</u> , and all Member States to continue to cooperate effectively on programmes and projects to promote alternative development, including, where appropriate, preventive alternative development;	Partly implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources. Implementation is contingent on the availability of extrabudgetary resources. UNODC has continued to support the countries most affected by illicit drug crop cultivation in designing and implementing alternative development policies, programmes and projects, with due regard for environmental protection.
	5	<i>Invites</i> Member States, relevant international organizations, financial institutions, regional development banks, funds for the protection of the environment and non-governmental organizations to support and promote financing for programmes and projects in	Partly implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources. Implementation is contingent on the availability of extrabudgetary resources. Implementation is contingent on the availability of extrabudgetary resources. UNODC has continued to support the

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		the context of alternative development, including, where appropriate, preventive alternative development, taking into account that, in areas affected by or vulnerable to illicit crop cultivation and illicit drug production, protecting the environment, preventing its degradation and promoting its sustainable recovery should be considered;		countries most affected by illicit drug crop cultivation in designing and implementing alternative development policies, programmes and projects, with due regard for environmental protection.
	6	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, Member States and relevant international organizations to redouble their efforts to obtain new and additional voluntary financial resources, at the bilateral and multilateral levels, in support of programmes and projects relating to alternative development, including, where appropriate, preventive alternative development, with due regard for environmental protection;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing. UNODC made efforts in this area at field and HQ levels. For example, in 2007 UNODC became a member of the Global Donor Platform for Rural Development (GDPRD).
	7	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its fiftieth session on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2007/8	
The need for a balance between demand for and supply of opiates used to meet medical and scientific needs E/RES/2006/34	7	<i>Requests</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to continue its efforts to monitor the implementation of the relevant Economic and Social Council resolutions in full compliance with the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 and that Convention as amended by the 1972 Protocol;	Implemented.	
	8	<i>Requests</i> the Secretary-General to transmit the text of the present resolution to all Governments for consideration and implementation.	Implemented. Note Verbale NAR/CL/3/2006	

CND Resolutions (2006)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Collection and use of complementary drug-related data and expertise to support the global assessment by Member States of the implementation of the declarations and measures adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session CND Res. 49/1	2	<i>Calls upon</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, subject to the availability of extrabudgetary resources, to engage with national and regional experts from all geographical regions, as well as experts from relevant international organizations in the field of drug control, on the collection and use of complementary drug-related data and expertise to support the global assessment by Member States of the implementation of the declarations and measures adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session;	Implemented. See: E/CN.7/2007/7, E/CN.7/2008/8.	Both limited regular and extrabudgetary resources were used. In addition to ARQ data submitted by Member States, UNODC has developed its partnerships in data exchange with Interpol, WCO, Europol, SECI Centre, EMCDDA and CARICC.
	3	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, subject to the availability of extrabudgetary resources, to submit a report on the results of those efforts, together with recommendations on the collection and use of complementary drug-related data and expertise to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs for its consideration with a view to, as appropriate, complementing the information available to Member States and providing them with additional input to make an objective, scientific, balanced and transparent global assessment of the implementation of the declarations and measures adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session;	Implemented. See: E/CN.7/2007/7, E/CN.7/2008/8.	Both regular and extrabudgetary resources were used. Illicit Drug Trafficking Trend reports prepared annually for the CND and its subsidiary bodies.
	5	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to report to it at its fiftieth session on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See: E/CN.7/2007/7, E/CN.7/2008/8.	
Recognizing the contribution of civil society in global efforts to address the drug problem in the	5	<i>Calls upon</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to continue to work, as appropriate, with relevant United Nations entities, international organizations and non-	Partly implemented.	Extrabudgetary funding required to conduct consultations with NGOs. Consultations with IGOs completed (extrabudgetary resources provided by EC).

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
context of reporting on the goals and targets for 2008 set by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session CND res. 49/2		governmental organizations in order to facilitate the participation by representatives of non-governmental organizations in the preparations for the tenth anniversary of the twentieth special session of the General Assembly.		
Strengthening systems for the control of precursor chemicals used in the manufacture of synthetic drugs CND res. 49/3	2	<i>Requests</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to provide [...] estimates [on legitimate requirements for 3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl-2-propanone, pseudoephedrine, ephedrine and phenyl-2-propanone and, to the extent possible, estimated requirements for imports of preparations containing those substances that can be easily used or recovered by readily applicable means] to Member States in such a manner as to ensure that such information is used only for drug control purposes; [see para 1 of this res.]	Partly implemented.	Ongoing
Responding to the prevalence of HIV/AIDS and other blood-borne diseases among drug users CND res. 49/4	4	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to report to it biennially, starting at its fifty-first session, on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2008/7	Extrabudgetary resources used.
Paris Pact Initiative CND res. 49/5	4	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, subject to the availability of extrabudgetary resources, to facilitate the organization and holding of the conference on that matter and to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its fiftieth session	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2007/9	Extrabudgetary resources used.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
<p>Promoting a consistent approach to the treatment of saffrole-rich oils CND res. 49/7</p>	4	<p><i>Requests</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to provide a definition of “saffrole-rich oils” for the purpose of controlling such substances in the same manner as saffrole under the United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances of 1988;</p>	Implemented.	See: report of 50th session of the CND E/2007/28/Rev.1, Part I, para. 92.
	5	<p><i>Urges</i> Member States to ensure that mechanisms are in place to collect information on saffrole-rich oils and to use form D to provide to the International Narcotics Control Board information on licit trade and trafficking in saffrole-rich oils;</p>	Partly implemented.	Ongoing.

**FORTY-EIGHTH SESSION OF THE COMMISSION ON NARCOTIC DRUGS
(19 MARCH 2004 AND 7-11 MARCH 2005)**

GA Resolutions (2005)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
International cooperation against the drug world problem A/RES/60/178	5 (Part III)	<p><i>Welcomes</i> the efforts of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to implement its mandate, and requests the Office to continue:</p> <p>(a) To strengthen dialogue with Member States and also to ensure continued improvement in management, so as to contribute to enhanced and sustainable programme delivery and further encourage the Executive Director to maximize the effectiveness of the drug programme of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, inter alia, through the full implementation of Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolutions, in particular the recommendations contained therein;</p> <p>(b) To strengthen cooperation with Member States and with United Nations programmes, funds and relevant agencies, as well as relevant regional organizations and agencies and non-governmental organizations, and to provide, upon request, assistance in implementing the outcome of the twentieth special session of the General Assembly;</p>	<p>(a) Partly implemented.</p> <p>(b) Partly implemented.</p>	<p>(a) Ongoing Intersessional meetings for the Permanent Missions take place regularly. In addition regular ad hoc briefings are held for Permanent Missions on all aspects of the work of the Office, including management. The Office also holds regular briefings and consultations for all permanent missions and for individual regional groups and with the chairpersons of the regional groups' and chairpersons of the governing bodies on topical issues, such as to facilitate the review of the consolidated budget of the Office.</p> <p>(b) Ongoing. UNODC, through its field and HQ global assistance programmes, responded by supporting Member States and others in the implementation of the outcomes of the special session of the General Assembly. Assistance to States is provided through the UNODC programme of technical assistance, delivered through its FO network and Vienna-based global programmes. Regional meetings of HONLEA and the Subcommission for the Near and Middle East directly support cooperation and mutual support.</p>

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		(c) To increase its assistance, within the available voluntary resources, to countries that are deploying efforts to reduce illicit crop cultivation by, in particular, adopting alternative development programmes, and to explore new and innovative funding mechanisms;	(c) Partly implemented.	(c) Lack of extrabudgetary resources. Despite concerted and increased efforts at field and HQ levels to raise voluntary resources and explore new and innovative funding mechanisms for alternative development, UNODC's portfolio has been following a downward trend since the early 2000 (ca. only US\$ 12 million yearly).
		(d) To allocate, while keeping the balance between supply and demand reduction programmes, adequate resources to allow it to fulfil its role in the implementation of the Action Plan5 for the Implementation of the Declaration on the Guiding Principles of Drug Demand Reduction, and support countries, upon their request, to further develop and implement drug demand reduction policies;	(d) Partly implemented.	(d) Resources available to UNDOC and MS were not sufficient to implement all the activities required in the Action Plan. This is clear in the analysis of BRQ data. UNODC resources for demand reduction have remained stable during the last years at around 13 % of the budget. The only area of increase has been HIV/AIDS
		(e) To develop action-oriented strategies to assist Member States to implement the Action Plan for the Implementation of the Declaration;	(d) Partly implemented.	(e) Ongoing. Strategies were developed but implementation was limited because of lack of funds.
		(f) To strengthen dialogue and cooperation with multilateral development banks and with international financial institutions so that they may undertake lending and programming activities related to drug control in interested and affected countries to implement the outcome of the twentieth special session, and to keep the Commission on Narcotic Drugs informed of further progress made in this area;	(d) Partly implemented.	(f) Ongoing. UNODC has established cooperation arrangements with multilateral development banks and international financial institutions, such as the Inter-American Development Bank and the World Bank, with whom joint initiatives have been identified and developed.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		<p>(g) To take into account the outcome of the twentieth special session, to include in its report on the illicit traffic in drugs an updated, objective and comprehensive assessment of worldwide trends in illicit traffic and transit in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, including methods and routes used, and to recommend ways and means of improving the capacity of States along those routes to address all aspects of the drug problem;</p>	(g) Implemented.	<p>(g) Regular budget resources used. A current assessment of trends, routes, modus operandi and within the reporting on the convening of CND subsidiary bodies, recommendations to improve capacity and responses of MS is included in the regular report to CND.</p>
		<p>(h) To publish the <i>World Drug Report</i>, with comprehensive and balanced information about the world drug problem, and to seek additional extrabudgetary resources for its publication in all the official languages;</p>	(h) Partly implemented.	<p>(h) Extrabudgetary resources are not available to translate the report into all the official languages. (US\$ 45,000 is needed to publish the report in Arabic, Chinese and Russian languages). The <i>World Drug Report 2006</i> was published in English, Spanish and French.</p>
		<p>(i) To provide technical assistance, from available voluntary contributions for that purpose, to those States identified by relevant international bodies as the most affected by the transit of drugs, in particular developing countries in need of such assistance and support;</p>	(i) Implemented.	<p>(i) Extrabudgetary resources used. Assistance to transit States is provided through the UNODC programme of technical assistance, delivered through its FO network and Vienna-based global programmes.</p>
		<p>(j) To provide assistance, at the request of States and respecting fully their sovereignty and territorial integrity, in monitoring illicit crop cultivation and in detecting on time its emergence or relocation;</p>	(j) Partly implemented.	<p>(j) Continuing XB resources required. This is ongoing. Through the International Drug Crop Monitoring Programme, the Office assists Governments in this regard.</p>
	6	<p><i>Welcomes also</i> the follow-up, led by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, to the 2003 Paris Conference on Drug Routes from Central Asia to Europe (the Paris Pact), encourages the Office and other relevant international institutions to continue their efforts, and encourages the Office to develop similar strategies in other regions for countries affected by the transit of illicit drugs through their territory;</p>	Partly implemented.	<p>Both regular and extrabudgetary resources used. FO network working with MS to develop national and regional strategies (e.g. CARICC, GCC).</p>

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	8	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, subject to the availability of resources and the Com-mission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, together with international financial institutions and the organizations involved in preventing and suppressing money-laundering and drug trafficking, to facilitate the provision of training and advice through technical cooperation in States, when requested, taking into account, inter alia, the recommendations on money-laundering and the financing of terrorism formulated by the Financial Action Task Force on Money Laundering and its regional groups;	Partly implemented.	Extrabudgetary resources used. This is an ongoing activity.
Providing support to Afghanistan with a view to ensuring effective implementation of its Counter-Narcotics Implementation Plan A/RES/60/179	6	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to strengthen its efforts to ensure that multilateral support is provided to Afghanistan in line and in coordination with the Counter-Narcotics Implementation Plan.	Partly implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources.

ECOSOC Resolutions (2005)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Treatment of pain using opioid analgesics E/RES/2005/25	2	<i>Invites</i> the International Narcotics Control Board and the World Health Organization to examine the feasibility of a possible assistance mechanism that would facilitate the adequate treatment of pain using opioid analgesics and to inform the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-ninth session of the results of that examination;	Implemented. See documents E/2006/28-E/CN.7/2006/10 and E/CN.7/2007/CRP.2	
	3	<i>Requests</i> the Secretary-General to transmit the text of the present resolution to all Member States for their consideration and implementation and to report on the	Implemented. Note Verbale NAR/CL.6/2005	

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Demand for and supply of opiates used to meet medical and scientific needs E/RES/2005/26	6	<p>implementation of the resolution to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-ninth session.</p> <p><i>Requests</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to continue its efforts in monitoring the implementation of the relevant Economic and Social Council resolutions in full compliance with the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 and with that Convention as amended by the 1972 Protocol;</p>	Implemented.	This is an ongoing activity of the Board, reported on in its annual reports.
	7	<p><i>Requests</i> the Secretary-General to transmit the text of the present resolution to all Member States for consideration and implementation and to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-ninth session on progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.</p>	Implemented. Note Verbale NAR/CL.7/2005 See documents E/INCB/2005/1 E/INCB/2005/4	Reporting obligation coincides with areas covered by the INCB reports submitted to the CND.
International assistance to States affected by the transit of illicit drugs E/RES/2005/27	2	<p><i>Welcomes</i> the fact that the UNODC has led the follow-up to the Paris Pact initiative that emerged from the Paris Statement, which was issued at the end of the Conference on Drug Routes from Central Asia to Europe, held in Paris on 21 and 22 May 2003, and encourages the Office to develop similar strategies in other regions for countries affected by the transit of illicit drugs through their territory;</p>	Partly implemented.	Both regular and extrabudgetary resources used. FO network working with MS to develop national and regional strategies (e.g. CARICC, GCC).

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	3	<i>Calls upon</i> Member States and the UNODC, subject to the availability of voluntary funds, which might be either from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, or from earmarked funds, to further strengthen such initiatives by providing assistance and technical support to States affected by the transit of illicit drugs, in particular developing countries, as well as countries with economies in transition, that are in need of such assistance and support;	Implemented.	Both regular and extrabudgetary resources used. Assistance to transit States is provided through the UNODC programme of technical assistance, delivered through its FO network and Vienna-based global programmes.
	6	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-ninth session on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2006/6	Regular budget resources used.

CND resolutions (2005)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Promoting the sharing of information on emerging trends in the abuse of and trafficking in substances not controlled under the international drug control conventions CND res. 48/1	2	<i>Requests</i> the UNODC to play a role in gathering from Member States information on emerging substances of abuse and in sharing that information with other Member States;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing. Emerging trends in the abuse of new drug types have been brought forward for discussion by Member States participating in the regional meetings of the subsidiary bodies of the CND, and their observations, conclusions and recommendations reflected in the report of these bodies, presented to the Commission.
Strengthening the drug programme of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and the role of the Com-mission on Narcotic Drugs as its governing Body CND res. 48/2	3	<i>Stresses</i> that the country and regional offices of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime play an essential role in programme delivery and that their effective functioning depends, inter alia, on their receiving the necessary administrative and managerial support, and requests the Executive Director to ensure that such support is given;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing reviews are undertaken of the role, functions and impacts of regional and country field offices. Their effective functioning requires more stable and secure funding and its re-deployment to offices with adequate programming levels.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	5	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to ensure that evaluation becomes an integral part of the design, monitoring and implementation of all projects of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, and looks forward to greater focus on project impact;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing. In 2007, UNODC trained its field staff in project cycle management, which is a first step towards making evaluation an integral part of project design. New evaluation policy and guidelines provide for impact evaluations, as well as ensure that evaluation is an integral part of the project design process.
	7	<i>Encourages</i> the ongoing review of financial management, expects that it will allow the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and Member States to assess the cost, impact and effectiveness of operational activities in an open manner and contribute to the full introduction of result-based budgeting, and looks forward to the continued development of the system, including the implementation of result-based management;	Partly implemented.	Member States can assess the cost, impact and effectiveness of operational activities in ProFi. The consolidated budget for 2008-09 is a results-based budget. Results based management continues to be developed.
	9	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to report to it, at its forty-ninth session, on further progress made in implementing management and budgetary reform.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2006/8	
Securing assured and predictable voluntary funding for the Fund of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme CND res. 48/3	2	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to continue his efforts, in cooperation with Member States, to broaden the donor base and to increase voluntary contributions to the Fund of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme, including, in particular, general-purpose funds as well as funds earmarked for the support budget, taking into account that the efficient and effective planning of the operational activities of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime is closely linked to the availability of an adequate and stable balance of general-purpose funds;	Partly implemented.	The broadening of the donor base is an ongoing exercise. In 2006-2007, there has been a significant increase in the overall levels of voluntary funding. Also, there has been an increase in the share of non-traditional donors, including the private sector. However, <i>general purpose contributions declined and have only recently started to increase slightly. Please refer to the report on ways and means of improving the financing of UNODC (see also E/CN.7/2008/11)</i> . For further details see UNODC Annual Reports for 2006 and 2007.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	4	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to continue to examine whether its programme activities may be duplicative of programmes carried out by other United Nations entities and to ensure that such duplication is avoided by effective communication in establishing budget priorities;	Implemented.	In the review of the 2006-07 consolidated budget it was explained that there is no such duplication. For example, UNODC does not duplicate activities of the UNAIDS Secretariat, but takes the lead on all HIV/AIDS activities related to drug abuse and in prisons, at the request of the UNAIDS Secretariat. These activities are coordinated with all other co-sponsors of UNAIDS. With the adoption of its medium term strategy and its harmonization with the consolidated budget for 2008-09, UNODC's budget priorities are more clearly defined.
	5	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to keep Member States informed on the use of general-purpose funds, as set out in the guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, and in particular the core functions/positions that are financed by such funds;	Implemented.	Since 2004, a briefing note on the position of general-purpose funds has been given on a regular basis to all Member States.
	9	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to monitor the ratio between the programme and the support budgets to ensure that support costs are not increased to the detriment of expenditure on programmes;	Implemented.	This has been closely monitored resulting in the ratio improving from 76:24 in 2002-2003 to 77:23 in 2004-05 to 79:21 in 2006-07 (subject to accounts finalization).
	10	<i>Also requests</i> the Executive Director to make proposals to donors, in accordance with the guidelines for the use of general purpose funds, aimed at improving adequately the ratio between earmarked funds and general-purpose funds;	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2006/8	(see also E/CN.7/2008/11)
	11	<i>Further requests</i> the Executive Director to review the options included in its resolution 46/9 and to consider their viability in the current situation;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing. The resolution is superseded by resolutions 50/14 of 28 November 2007 and 16/6 of 30 November 2007 CND and CCPCJ which request the Executive Director to submit an annual report on the ways and means of improving the financial situation of UNODC, including the situation of the field offices. (see also E/CN.7/2008/11)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	12	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to report to it at its forty-ninth session on further progress made in securing assured and predictable voluntary funding and on his efforts to implement the provisions contained in its resolution 46/9.	Implemented. See report E/CN.7/2006/8	
Women and substance use CND res. 48/6	3	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to ensure that gender issues are given appropriate attention in future reporting on the world situation with regard to drug abuse, having regard to the issues identified in its recent publication and report;	Partly implemented.	Limited resources available. UNODC has assisted countries in developing better drug information systems and highlighted the need to collect data by gender. However, resources devoted to this aspect of demand reduction have been limited and the impact can be seen only in some countries.
	7	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to assist Member States in the elimination of barriers by continuing to disseminate examples of relevant programmes and policies that constitute good practice.	Partly implemented.	UNODC has provided Member States with examples of good practice.
Application of research in practice CND res. 48/8	2	<i>Urges</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to promote the transfer of knowledge across international borders by coordination and dissemination efforts;	Partly implemented.	This is an ongoing activity. Scope for increased dissemination subject availability of XB funds.
	4	<i>Urges</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to continue to consider the role of multidisciplinary research structures in countering illicit drugs, together with the need for sound multidisciplinary evaluation models, and to promote appropriate models of good practice throughout the world;	Partly implemented.	This is an ongoing activity. Scope for increased dissemination subject availability of XB funds. The Office conducts a number of activities that are to be regarded as "Application of research in practice, such as the international network of drug dependence treatment and rehabilitation resource centres (Treatnet), the Global Assessment Programme on Drug Abuse (GAP), the International Crop Monitoring Programme (ICMP). The Office also promotes "models of good practice on applying research to practice" through its technical cooperation programmes and through the feed-back provided by evaluations, where the work of the Independent Evaluation Unit had made significant contributions.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
<p>Strengthening alternative development as an important drug control strategy and establishing alternative development as a cross-cutting issue</p> <p>CND res. 48/9</p>	11	<p><i>Calls upon</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to identify means to strengthen its capacity in alternative development, including preventive leadership and technical, in order to provide and relevant institutions, to play a major role in the analytical assessment of drug problems, to act as a coordinating body for activities related to drug control;</p>	Partly implemented.	An additional P-4 post was secured in regular programme budget 2006-2007. However, one additional post is not sufficient for the size and complexity of the task at hand.
	12	<p><i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to devote part of a future session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs to alternative development, to be held before 2008;</p>	Implemented.	Alternative development was the focus of the thematic debate at the 49th session of the CND.
	13	<p><i>Also requests</i> the Executive Director to report to it at its forty-ninth session on the progress made in implementing the present resolution.</p>	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2006/7	
<p>Strengthening international cooperation to prevent the illicit manufacture of and trafficking in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances by preventing the diversion and smuggling of precursors and essential equipment in the context of Project Prism, Operation Purple and Operation Topaz</p> <p>CND res. 48/11</p>	5	<p><i>Urges</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to continue to play its key role in the above-mentioned international initiatives [see para. 4 below], and especially to follow up seizures and cases involving the diversion or smuggling of precursors by facilitating investigation by the competent authorities of the countries concerned, to conduct a risk assessment or evaluation of seizures and cases involving attempted diversions and to incorporate the findings in its annual <i>Report on Precursors and Chemicals Frequently Used in the Illicit Manufacture of Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances</i>;</p>	Partly implemented.	This is an ongoing activity.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	9	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to report to it at its forty-ninth session on the implementation of the present resolution	See documents E/INCB/2005/1 and E/INCB/2005/4	
Expanding the capacity of communities to provide information, treatment, health care and social services to people living with HIV/AIDS and other blood-borne diseases in the context of drug abuse and strengthening monitoring, evaluation and reporting systems CND res. 48/12	6	<i>Calls upon</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and other entities involved in demand reduction and public awareness campaigns aimed at preventing the transmission of HIV/AIDS in the context of drug abuse prevention, to design and implement their programmes in a sustainable manner;	Partly implemented.	HIV prevention and care programme design needs to be updated continuously in order to address the changes in the epidemic in a sustainable manner. In the implementation of its programme UNODC has made efforts to ensure the commitment of MS to the sustainability of interventions, but the lack of resources devoted to drug abuse prevention and treatment in some regions poses difficulties.
	7	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, <u>subject to the availability of voluntary funds</u> and consistent with the international drug control treaties, to continue its work, in coordination with the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS and other relevant United Nations entities, to facilitate the collection, collation and dissemination of information on the relationship between HIV/AIDS and drug abuse, including identifying successful community capacity-building and successful practices in reducing prejudice against and stigmatization of those living with HIV/AIDS and other blood-borne diseases, in the context of drug use,	Partly implemented.	This is an ongoing activity. HIV prevention and care programme design needs to be updated continuously in order to address the changes in the epidemic in a sustainable manner.
	8	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to report to it at its fiftieth session on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2007/11	Extrabudgetary resources were used.

**FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION OF THE COMMISSION ON NARCOTIC DRUGS
(27 NOVEMBER 2003 AND 15-19 MARCH 2004)**

GA resolutions (2004)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
International cooperation against the world drug problem A/RES/59/163	5 (Part III)	<p><i>Welcomes</i> the efforts of the UNODC to implement its mandate, and requests the Office to continue:</p> <p>(a) To strengthen dialogue with Member States and also to ensure continued improvement in management, so as to contribute to enhanced and sustainable programme delivery and further encourage the Executive Director to maximize the effectiveness of the drug programme of the UNODC, inter alia, through the full implementation of Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolutions, in particular the recommendations contained therein;</p> <p>(b) To strengthen cooperation with Member States and with United Nations programmes, funds and relevant agencies, as well as relevant regional organizations and agencies and non-governmental organizations, and to provide, on request, assistance in implementing the outcome of the twentieth special session;</p> <p>(c) To increase its assistance, within the available voluntary resources, to countries that are deploying efforts to reduce illicit crop cultivation by, in particular, adopting alternative development programmes, and to explore new and innovative funding mechanisms;</p>	Implemented (ATS)	<p>(a) Both regular and extrabudgetary resources used. Ongoing</p> <p>Inter-annual meetings for the Permanent Missions take place regularly, as well as regular ad hoc briefings for Permanent Missions on all aspects of the work of the Office, including management. The Office also holds regular briefings and consultations for all permanent missions and for individual regional groups and with the chairpersons of the regional groups' and chairpersons of the governing bodies on topical issues, such as to facilitate the review of the consolidated budget of the Office.</p> <p>(b) Ongoing</p> <p>UNODC, through its field and HQ global assistance programmes, responded by supporting Member States and others in the implementation of the outcomes of the special session of the General Assembly.</p> <p>Assistance to States is provided through the UNODC programme of technical assistance, delivered through its FO network and Vienna-based global programmes. Regional meetings of HONLEA and the Subcommission for the Near and Middle East directly support cooperation and mutual support.</p> <p>(c) Despite concerted and increased efforts at field and HQ level to raise voluntary resources and explore new and innovative funding mechanisms for AD, UNODC AD portfolio has been following a downward trend since the early 2000 (average of only US\$ 12 million yearly).</p>

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		<p>(d) To allocate, while keeping the balance between supply and demand reduction programmes, adequate resources to allow it to fulfil its role in the implementation of the Action Plan⁴ for the Implementation of the Declaration on the Guiding Principles of Drug Demand Reduction, and support countries, upon their request, to further develop and implement drug demand reduction policies;</p>	(d) Partly implemented.	(d) Resources available to UNODC and MS were not sufficient to implement all the activities required in the Action Plan. This is clear in the analysis of BRQ data. UNODC resources for DR have remained stable during the last years at around 13 per cent of the budget. The only area of increase has been HIV/AIDS.
		<p>(e) To develop action-oriented strategies to assist Member States to implement the Action Plan for the Implementation of the Declaration, and to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-eighth session on the follow-up to the Action Plan;</p>	(e) Partly implemented.	(e) Ongoing. Strategies were developed but implementation was limited because of lack of funds.
		<p>(f) To strengthen dialogue and cooperation with multilateral development banks and with international financial institutions so that they may undertake lending and programming activities related to drug control in interested and affected countries to implement the outcome of the twentieth special session, and to keep the Commission on Narcotic Drugs informed of further progress made in this area;</p>	(f) Partly implemented.	(f) Ongoing. Office continued to engage multilateral development banks and with international financial institutions in this regard.
		<p>(g) To take into account the outcome of the twentieth special session, to include in its report on the illicit traffic in drugs an updated, objective and comprehensive assessment of worldwide trends in illicit traffic and transit in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, including methods and routes used, and to recommend ways and means of improving the capacity of States along those routes to address all aspects of the drug problem;</p>	(g) Implemented.	(g) Regular budget resources used. A current assessment of trends, routes, modus operandi and within the reporting on the convening of CND subsidiary bodies, recommendations to improve capacity and responses of Member States, is included in the regular report to CND.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		(h) To publish the <i>World Drug Report</i> , with comprehensive and balanced information about the world drug problem, and to seek additional extrabudgetary resources for its publication in all the official languages;	(h) Partly implemented.	(h) Extrabudgetary resources are not available to translate the report into all the official languages. (US\$ 45,000 is needed to publish the report in Arabic, Chinese and Russian languages). The <i>World Drug Report 2005</i> was published in English, Spanish and French.
		(i) To provide technical assistance, from available voluntary contributions for that purpose, to those States identified by relevant international bodies as the most affected by the transit of drugs, in particular developing countries in need of such assistance and support;	(i) Implemented.	(i) Extrabudgetary resources used. Assistance to transit States is provided through the UNODC programme of technical assistance, delivered through its FO network and Vienna-based global programmes.
		(j) To provide assistance, at the request of States and respecting fully their sovereignty and territorial integrity, and with the support of the United Nations Office for Outer Space Affairs and the European Space Agency, among others, in detecting on time the emergence or relocation of illicit crop cultivation;		(j) This is ongoing. Through the International Drug Crop Monitoring Programme, the Office assists Governments in this regard.
	8	<i>Requests</i> the UNODC, subject to the availability of resources and the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, together with international financial institutions and the organizations involved in preventing and suppressing money-laundering and drug trafficking, to facilitate the provision of training and advice through technical cooperation in States, when requested, taking into account, inter alia, the recommendations on money-laundering and the financing of terrorism formulated by the Financial Action Task Force on Money Laundering and its regional groups;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing. Extrabudgetary resources used.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Control of cultivation of and trafficking in cannabis A/RES/59/160	2	<i>Requests</i> the UNODC, <u>subject to the availability of voluntary funds</u> , which might be either from general purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, or from earmarked funds, to begin a global survey of cannabis, initially with a market survey, before the forty-eighth session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs;	Partly implemented. See document E/CN.7/2008/9	Lack of extrabudgetary resources. US\$ 9.1 million required to conduct a global survey. A market survey was undertaken and reported on in the 2006 World Drug Report.
	3	<i>Also requests</i> the UNODC to support the creation or strengthening of national and subregional strategies and plans of action for the eradication of cannabis crops, <u>subject to the availability of voluntary funds</u> , which might be either from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, or from earmarked funds;	Not implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources. No requests to draft action plans for cannabis were received from Member States,
	9	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, at its forty-eighth session, on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2005/2/Add.2	
Providing support to the Government of Afghanistan in its efforts to eliminate illicit opium and foster stability and security in the region A/RES/59/161	7	<i>Requests</i> the UNODC, <u>subject to the availability of voluntary funds</u> , which might be either from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, or from earmarked funds, and encourages concerned Member States, international organizations and financial institutions to routinely mainstream counter-narcotics measures as part of their development cooperation strategies, in coordination with the development objectives of the Government of Afghanistan, so that sustainable alternative livelihoods are created in Afghanistan.	Partly implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Follow-up on strengthening the systems of control over chemical precursors and preventing their diversion and trafficking A/RES/59/162	10	<i>Requests</i> the International Narcotics Control Board, pursuant to Economic and Social Council resolution 1995/20 of 24 July 1995, to monitor international trade so that diversion attempts can be identified, preventing chemical precursors from reaching the illicit market;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing.
	11	<i>Urges</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to continue to follow up all such cases of diversion by facilitating investigations by national authorities and to make its findings available to Governments through its annual report;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing.
	13	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC, within the framework of his biennial reports on the implementation of the outcome of the twentieth special session of the General Assembly and taking into account the relevant resolutions adopted on the subject since the special session, to include in his report on the control of precursors, starting with his report to be submitted to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-eighth session, recommendations on how to strengthen the use of the pre-export notification mechanism and ensure timely responses.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2005/2/Add.5 Also, see documents E/INCB/2005/1 and E/INCB/2005/4	

ECOSOC resolutions (2004)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Drug control and related crime prevention assistance for countries emerging from conflict E/RES/2004/39	1	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to consider specific strategies to assist countries emerging from conflicts in their drug control and related crime prevention efforts, in collaboration with the Governments of the affected countries and other relevant United Nations entities involved in the peace process, and	Partly implemented. (Afghanistan)	Ongoing.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		to give priority to those countries, subject to the availability of voluntary funds, which might be from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, or from earmarked funds;		
	2	<i>Calls upon</i> the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to facilitate the mainstreaming of drug control programmes in the development efforts of countries emerging from conflict;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing
	5	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, at its forty-eighth session, on the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2005/10	
Guidelines for psychosocially assisted pharmacological treatment of persons dependent on opioids E/RES/2004/40	preamb para. 13	<i>Invites</i> the World Health Organization, in collaboration with the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, subject to the availability of voluntary funds, which might be either from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, or from earmarked funds, to develop and publish minimum requirements and international guidelines on psychosocially assisted pharmacological treatment of persons dependent on opioids, taking into account regional initiatives in this field, in order to assist the Member States concerned.	Implemented.	The development of the guidelines is fully funded, but resources are still for training and dissemination. WHO and UNODC, together with other partners have prepared the guidelines and the final text is in the final stages of preparation to be submitted at one of the future sessions of the CND.
Control of the manufacture of, trafficking in and abuse of synthetic drugs E/RES/2004/41	10	<i>Encourages</i> the relevant international organizations and other entities, in particular the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, to continue to recognize the serious global threat posed by synthetic drugs and to pursue appropriate action to ameliorate the situation;	Partly implemented.	This is an ongoing activity.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	11	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, at its forty-eighth session, on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2005/Add.4	
Sale of internationally controlled licit drugs to individuals via the Internet E/RES/2004/42	8	<i>Requests</i> the Secretary-General to transmit the text of the present resolution to all Member States for consideration.	Implemented. Note Verbale NAR/CL.8/2004	
Demand for and supply of opiates used to meet medical and scientific needs E/RES/2004/43	6	<i>Requests</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to continue its efforts in monitoring the implementation of the relevant Economic and Social Council resolutions in full compliance with the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1953 and with that Convention as amended by the 1972 Protocol;	Implemented. Note Verbale NAR/CL.7/2004	
	7	<i>Requests</i> the Secretary-General to transmit the text of the present resolution to all Governments for consideration and implementation and to report on the implementation of the resolution to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-eighth session.	Implemented. Note Verbale NAR/CL.7/2004 See document E/INCB/2004/1	The reporting information required by this resolution is contained in the annual reports of the INCB.

CND resolutions (2004)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Optimizing integrated drug information systems CND res. 47/1	2	<i>Requests</i> the UNODC to promote the development of integrated drug information systems by utilizing data on both the demand for and the supply of illicit drugs and by strengthening collaboration with the International Narcotics Control Board, the World Health Organization and other international bodies, so that information on drug abuse can be collected in a sustainable manner at low cost and will be available to	Partly implemented.	UNODC has worked with WHO in disseminating best practices in this area and included some key indicators on drug abuse in WHO surveys, in collaboration with INCB.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		<p>all Member States to facilitate the formulation of sound programmes for the reduction of the demand for and supply of illicit drugs;</p>		
	3	<p><i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC, <u>subject to the availability of voluntary funds</u>, which might be either from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general purpose funds, or from earmarked funds, to strengthen the Global Assessment Programme on Drug Abuse in order to improve, in consultation with Member States, the collection and analysis of comprehensive and internationally comparable data on the extent and patterns of and trends in drug abuse and the negative health consequences related to drug abuse, taking into account existing regional initiatives, including comprehensive programmes to reduce the transmission of all blood-borne diseases, programmes to reduce risky behaviour and programmes to reduce injecting drug abuse, and using epidemiologically sound and cost-effective methods;</p>	Partly implemented.	Funds available for GAP have been decreasing.
	4	<p><i>Requests</i> the UNODC, <u>subject to the availability of voluntary funds</u>, which might be either from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general purpose funds, or from earmarked funds, and regional organizations to continue providing to States, upon request, expert advice on sound epidemiological methods of collecting information on the abuse of, and dependence on, illicit substances and the consequences thereof;</p>	Partly implemented.	Funds available for GAP have been diminishing.
	5	<p><i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-eighth session</p>	Implemented. See document	

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
<p>Prevention of HIV/AIDS among drug users CND res. 47/2</p>	8	<p>on the implementation of the present resolution.</p> <p><i>Encourages</i> the UNODC, in collaboration with the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS, the World Health Organization and other relevant organizations, within their existing mandates, to pursue their efforts in studying the effectiveness of drug-related HIV/AIDS prevention programmes, and report on the progress made to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-eighth session;</p>	Implemented.	<p>The publications below were produced as a result of the resolution with extrabudgetary resources and joint efforts are currently ongoing with WHO and UNAIDS for further joint publications and activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Intensifying HIV Prevention UNAIDS policy position paper; - UNAIDS Technical Support Division of Labour; - UNAIDS Global Task Team on Improving AIDS Coordination Among Multilateral Institutions and International Donors; <p><i>Publications between 2004-2005</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Advocacy guide: HIV/AIDS prevention among injecting drug users; - WHO/UNAIDS/UNODC Position paper: Substitution maintenance therapy in the management of opioid dependence and HIV/AIDS prevention; - WHO/UNAIDS/UNODC Training Guide for HIV Prevention Outreach to Injecting Drug Users; - WHO/UNAIDS/UNODC Evidence for action on HIV/AIDS and injecting drug use <p>Policy brief: Provision of sterile injecting equipment to reduce HIV transmission;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - WHO/UNAIDS/UNODC Evidence for action on HIV/AIDS and injecting drug use <p>Policy brief: Antiretroviral therapy and injecting drug users;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - WHO/UNAIDS/UNODC Evidence for action on HIV/AIDS and injecting drug use <p>Policy brief: Reduction of HIV transmission through outreach;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - WHO/UNAIDS/UNODC Evidence for action on HIV/AIDS and injecting drug use <p>Policy brief: Reduction of HIV transmission through drug-dependence</p>

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
				<p>treatment;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - WHO/UNAIDS/UNODC Evidence for action on HIV/AIDS and injecting drug use Policy brief: Reduction of HIV transmission in prisons. (See: http://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/hiv-aids/publications.html) <p>The UNODC "Expert Group Meeting: Measuring and increasing coverage of HIV/AIDS prevention and care services for injecting drug users" was held in Vienna, 11-13 October 2005. The meeting was funded through extrabudgetary resources. UNODC has been working in close collaboration with WHO and UNAIDS on the guidelines for target setting for scaling up HIV interventions to achieve Universal Access by 2010.</p>
9		<p><i>Requests</i> the UNODC, in coordination with the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS, the World Health Organization and other relevant international organizations, to convene an intergovernmental expert group meeting in Vienna, subject to the availability of voluntary funds, which might be from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, or from earmarked funds, to assist in putting together a specific programme on the main issues of HIV/AIDS and drug abuse, with emphasis on HIV/AIDS prevention, injecting drug use and risk-taking behaviour, and to make the report of the group available for the thematic debate at the forty-eighth session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs;</p>	<p>Implemented.</p> <p>Reported on orally at the 48th session of the CND.</p>	<p>See above.</p>
<p>Strengthening the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and the role of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs as one of its governing bodies</p> <p>CND res. 47/3</p>	10	<p><i>Requests</i> the UNODC, in coordination with the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS, to take an active role in achieving the above objectives.</p>	<p>Implemented.</p>	<p>This is an ongoing undertaking. UNODC has instituted the following key measures since 2003:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Its operational priorities. 2. New organizational structure 3. Reprofiting of field offices. 4. Adoption of rotation policy. 5. Reform of the Programme and Projects Committee. 6. Establishment of independent evaluation
1		<p><i>Requests</i> the UNODC to continue the reform undertaken to date and to maintain a culture of continuous improvement;</p>	<p>Partly implemented</p>	

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
				<p>function.</p> <p>7. Availability of financial and substantive information on-line through its ProFi system.</p> <p>8. Establishment of the Vienna Ombudsman Office.</p> <p>9. Decentralization of operational authority to Field Offices.</p> <p>10. Adoption of an overarching strategy for 2008-2011.</p> <p>11. Harmonization of its voluntary funds budgets with the UN regular budget.</p> <p>12. Greater transparency in its budgets and financial reporting through the separation of general purpose funds and programme support costs.</p>
	3	<p><i>Encourages</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC to continue facilitating dialogue with Member States on programmatic and management issues and on the ongoing reform process;</p>	Implemented.	See comment below.
	7	<p><i>Requests</i> the UNODC to facilitate that role by continuing to present substantive, concise and timely briefings and, when appropriate, reports to all Member States;</p>	Partly implemented.	<p>This is ongoing. All the above mentioned reforms were done in full consultation with member states through regular financial briefings on the status of the general purpose resources and in formulating its budgets. Briefings on organizational and substantive changes also preceded all the reforms listed above. Evidence of progress achieved in good governance is reflected in various reports of the Commissions and most recently in the latest report of ACABQ (E/CN.7/2007/17 and 18 of 7 November 2007)</p> <p>The UNODC Strategy for 2008-2011 has been endorsed by the Commissions and ECOSOC. It was prepared in response to CND Resolution 48/14 of 9 December 2005 in which the Commission urged UNODC to continue to develop an overarching strategy in consultation with Member States. The UNODC Strategy responds to the needs of its</p>
	8	<p><i>Encourages</i> the Executive Director to expand on the strategic framework called for in General Assembly resolution 58/269 of 23 December 2003 and to develop a plan for the UNODC, within policy guidelines that may be issued by its governing body, that will provide medium and long-term strategic direction;</p>	Implemented.	

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	11	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to report to it, at its forty-eighth session, on further progress made in implementing management changes.	Implemented. E/CN.7/2005/7	many stakeholders and grew out of extensive consultations with Member States, intergovernmental organizations, non-governmental organizations and other stakeholders. The UNODC Strategy for the period 2008-2011 was endorsed by the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) in its resolutions 2007/12 and 2007/19 of 25 and 26 July 2007 respectively. In CND resolution 50/14 of 28 November 2007 and CCPCJ resolution 16/6 of 30 November 2007, the UNODC Strategy for the period 2008-2011 was harmonized with the Strategic Framework of the UN for the period 2008-2009.
Illicit drug profiling in international law enforcement: maximizing outcome and improving cooperation CND res. 47/5	2	<i>Requests</i> the UNODC, in cooperation with Member States and subject to the availability of voluntary funds, which might be either from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, or from earmarked funds, to prepare a report identifying current drug profiling initiatives and best practices [...].	Not implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources.
Effective controlled delivery CND res. 47/6	5	<i>Requests</i> the UNODC to compile, in conjunction with relevant international organizations, relevant information on controlled delivery, containing, inter alia, information on national laws, legal procedures and, where appropriate, competent authorities or focal points for controlled deliveries, subject to the availability of voluntary funds, which might be from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, or from earmarked funds;	Implemented.	Extrabudgetary resources used. The "UNODC model drug enforcement policy and suggested training materials: Controlled Deliveries" (publication nr. V0459786) were produced and promulgated.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	7	<p><i>Requests</i> the UNODC, subject to the availability of voluntary funds, which might be from general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general purpose funds, or from earmarked funds, in cooperation with appropriate experts, to consider the preparation of a training manual on controlled delivery operations;</p> <p><i>Also requests</i> the UNODC to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, at its 48th session, on the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.</p>	<p>Implemented.</p>	<p>Extrabudgetary resources used.</p> <p>Guidelines on controlled delivery techniques were produced and promulgated.</p>
	8	<p><i>Also requests</i> the UNODC to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, at its 48th session, on the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.</p>	<p>Implemented.</p> <p>See document E/CN.7/2005/4 (para 94)</p>	<p>Extrabudgetary resources used.</p>

**FORTY-SIXTH SESSION OF THE COMMISSION ON NARCOTIC DRUGS
(15 MARCH 2002, 8-17 APRIL AND 26-27 NOVEMBER 2003)**

GA resolutions (2003)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
International cooperation against the world drug problem A/RES/58/141	5 (Part III)	<p><i>Welcomes</i> the efforts of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme to implement its mandate, and requests the Programme to continue:</p> <p>(a) To strengthen dialogue with Member States and also to ensure continued improvement in management, so as to contribute to enhanced and sustainable programme delivery and further encourage the Executive Director to maximize the effectiveness of the Programme, inter alia, through the full implementation of Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolutions 44/16 and 45/17, in particular the recommendations contained therein;</p> <p>(b) To strengthen cooperation with Member States and with United Nations programmes, funds and relevant agencies, as well as relevant regional organizations and agencies and non-governmental organizations, and to provide, on request, assistance in implementing the outcome of the twentieth special session;</p> <p>(c) To increase its assistance, within the available voluntary resources, to countries that are deploying efforts to reduce illicit crop cultivation by, in particular, adopting alternative development programmes, and to explore new and innovative funding mechanisms;</p>	(a) Implemented.	<p>(a) Ongoing</p> <p>Intersectoral meetings for the Permanent Missions take place regularly. In addition regular ad hoc briefings are held for Permanent Missions on all aspects of the work of the Office, including management, as well as since 2007 a regular "Jour Fixe" have been established. The Office also holds regular briefings and consultations for all permanent missions and for individual regional groups and with the chairpersons of the regional groups' and chairpersons of the governing bodies on topical issues, such as to facilitate the review of the consolidated budget of the Office.</p>
		<p>(b) To strengthen cooperation with Member States and with United Nations programmes, funds and relevant agencies, as well as relevant regional organizations and agencies and non-governmental organizations, and to provide, on request, assistance in implementing the outcome of the twentieth special session;</p> <p>(c) To increase its assistance, within the available voluntary resources, to countries that are deploying efforts to reduce illicit crop cultivation by, in particular, adopting alternative development programmes, and to explore new and innovative funding mechanisms;</p>	Partly implemented.	<p>Ongoing.</p> <p>UNODC, through its field and HQ global assistance programmes, responded by supporting Member States and others in the implementation of the outcomes of the special session of the General Assembly.</p>
		<p>(c) To increase its assistance, within the available voluntary resources, to countries that are deploying efforts to reduce illicit crop cultivation by, in particular, adopting alternative development programmes, and to explore new and innovative funding mechanisms;</p>	(c) Partly implemented.	<p>(c) Funds are insufficient to allow UNODC to make a larger financial commitment to the MS, both for project execution and for advocacy.</p> <p>Despite concerted and increased efforts at field and HQ level to raise voluntary resources and explore new and innovative funding mechanisms for alternative development, UNODC's portfolio has been following a downward trend since the early 2000 (average of only US\$ 12 million yearly).</p>

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		<p>(d) To allocate, while keeping the balance between supply and demand reduction programmes, adequate resources to allow it to fulfil its role in the implementation of the Action Plan for the Implementation of the Declaration on the Guiding Principles of Drug Demand Reduction, and support countries, upon their request, to further develop and implement drug demand reduction policies;</p>	(d) Partly implemented.	(d) Resources available to UNODC and MS were not sufficient to implement all the activities required in the Action Plan. This is clear in the analysis of BRQ data. UNODC resources for demand reduction have remained stable during the last years at around 13 per cent of the budget. The only area of increase has been HIV/AIDS.
		<p>(e) To strengthen dialogue and cooperation with multilateral development banks and with international financial institutions so that they may undertake lending and programming activities related to drug control in interested and affected countries to implement the outcome of the twentieth special session, and to keep the Commission on Narcotic Drugs informed of further progress made in this area;</p>	(e) Partly implemented.	(e) Ongoing. Office continued to engage with multilateral development banks with international financial institutions in this regard.
		<p>(f) To take into account the outcome of the twentieth special session, to include in its report on the illicit traffic in drugs an updated, objective and comprehensive assessment of worldwide trends in illicit traffic and transit in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, including methods and routes used, and to recommend ways and means of improving the capacity of States along those routes to address all aspects of the drug problem;</p>	(f) Implemented.	(f) A current assessment of trends, routes, modus operandi and within the reporting on the convening of CND subsidiary bodies, recommendations to improve capacity and responses of MS, is included in the regular report to CND.
		<p>(g) To publish the <i>World Drug Report</i>, with comprehensive and balanced information about the world drug problem, and to seek additional extrabudgetary resources for its publication in all the official languages;</p>	(g) Partly implemented.	<p>(g) Extrabudgetary resources are not available to translate the report into all the official languages. (US\$ 45,000 is needed to publish the report in Arabic, Chinese and Russian languages).</p> <p>The <i>World Drug Report 2004</i> was published in English, Spanish and French.</p>

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		<p>(h) To provide technical assistance, from available voluntary contributions for that purpose, to those States identified by relevant international bodies as the most affected by the transit of drugs, in particular developing countries in need of such assistance and support;</p> <p>(i) To develop action-oriented strategies to assist Member States to implement the Action Plan for the Implementation of the Declaration, and to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-seventh session on the follow-up to the Action Plan;</p>	<p>(h) Implemented.</p> <p>(i) Partly implemented.</p>	<p>(h) Extrabudgetary resources used. Assistance to transit States is provided through the UNODC programme of technical assistance, delivered through its FO network and Vienna-based global programmes</p> <p>(i) Resources available to UNODC and MS were not sufficient to implement all the activities required in the Action Plan. This is clear in the analysis of BRQ data. UNODC resources for demand reduction have remained stable during the last years at around 13 per cent of the budget. The only area of increase has been HIV/AIDS.</p>
		<p>(j) To provide assistance, subject to the availability of resources, at the request of States and respecting fully their sovereignty and territorial integrity, and with the support of the United Nations Office for Outer Space Affairs and the European Space Agency, among others, in detecting on time the emergence or relocation of illicit crop cultivation;</p>	<p>Partly implemented.</p>	<p>(j) This is ongoing. Through the International Drug Crop Monitoring Programme, the Office assists Governments in this regard.</p>
	7	<p><i>Requests</i> the UNODC, subject to the availability of resources and the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, together with international financial institutions and the organizations involved in preventing and suppressing money-laundering and drug trafficking, to facilitate the provision of training and advice through technical cooperation in States, when requested, taking into account, inter alia, the recommendations on money-laundering and the financing of terrorism formulated by the Financial Action Task Force on Money Laundering and its regional groups;</p>	<p>Partly implemented.</p>	<p>Ongoing. Extrabudgetary resources used.</p>

ECOSOC resolutions (2003)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
International assistance to the States affected by the transit of illicit drugs E/RES/2003/34	4	<i>Calls upon</i> the United Nations International Drug Control Programme of the UNODC, <u>subject to the availability of voluntary funds</u> and in accordance with the guidelines adopted by the Commission on Narcotic Drugs for the use of general-purpose funds, and Member States to facilitate such initiatives by providing assistance and technical support to the drug control authorities of the States affected by the transit of illicit drugs, in particular developing countries, including countries with economies in transition, that are in need of such assistance and support;	Implemented.	Extrabudgetary resources used. Assistance to transit States is provided through the UNODC programme of technical assistance, delivered through its FO network and Vienna-based global programmes.
	5	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations International Drug Control Programme and Member States, in providing such assistance to the States affected by the transit of illicit drugs, to integrate, subject to availability of voluntary funds and in accordance with guidelines adopted by the Commission for the use of general-purpose funds, projects for the reduction of illicit drug demand and the strengthening of treatment and rehabilitation services for drug abusers;	Partly implemented.	Regular and extrabudgetary resources used. Assistance to transit States is provided through the UNODC programme of technical assistance, delivered through its FO network and Vienna-based global programmes.
	7	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC to report to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-seventh session on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2004/7	
Establishment of national networks to counter money-laundering in the framework of national and international drug control plans E/RES/2003/36	3	<i>Requests</i> the UNODC, subject to the availability of resources and the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, together with international financial institutions and the organizations involved in preventing and suppressing money-laundering and drug trafficking, to facilitate the provision of training and advice through technical cooperation in States, when	Partly implemented.	Ongoing Extrabudgetary resources used.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Strengthening alternative development through trade and socio-environmental preservation E/RES/2003/37	1	requested, taking into account, inter alia, the recommendations on money-laundering and the financing of terrorism formulated by the Financial Action Task Force on Money Laundering and its regional groups. <i>Urges</i> the United Nations International Drug Control Programme and all Member States to continue to cooperate effectively on programmes to promote alternative development, including, where appropriate, preventive alternative development, in accordance with the provisions of Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolution 45/14;	Implemented.	UNODC continues to cooperate fully with MS on the issue of alternative development. UNODC programmes have been actively promoting pro-active or "preventative" development assistance to areas at risk of engaging in illicit crop cultivation or areas that provide labour.
Demand for and supply of opiates for medical and scientific purposes E/RES/2003/40	5	<i>Requests</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to continue its efforts in monitoring the implementation of the relevant Economic and Social Council resolutions in full compliance with the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 and with that Convention as amended by the 1972 Protocol;	Implemented. Note Verbale NAR/CL.7/2003	
Efforts to counter the trend towards the legalization of drugs for non-medical use E/RES/2003/41	1	<i>Invites</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to continue to monitor and report on the application of the international drug control treaties by Member States with regard to cannabis and other drugs;	Partly implemented	Ongoing.
	2	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations International Drug Control Programme, in collaboration with the World Health Organization, to report on new trends with regard to cannabis.	Not implemented.	Lack of extrabudgetary resources. Further activities regarding cannabis are dependent on the results of the global assessment for which funding has not been forthcoming.

CND resolutions (2003)

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
Renewing emphasis on demand reduction prevention and treatment efforts in compliance with the international drug control treaties CND res. 46/1	9	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations International Drug Control Programme to ensure that the demand reduction programmes that it promotes have demonstrated effectiveness in reducing illicit use of drugs and facilitating the goals of recovery from dependence or addiction.	Implemented.	UNODC best practice documents have been developed on the basis of scientific evidence.
Strengthening strategies regarding the prevention of human immunodeficiency virus/acquired immuno-deficiency syndrome in the context of drug abuse CND res. 46/2	8	<i>Also requests</i> the United Nations International Drug Control Programme to continue to strengthen its cooperation with the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS and its other co-sponsors in addressing HIV/AIDS among drug abusers, subject to the availability of voluntary funds, which might be from the general-purpose funds, in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, or from earmarked funds;	Partly implemented.	Ongoing. UNODC is the lead UNAIDS cosponsor agency for addressing HIV among injecting drug users and in prisons.
	9	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to report to it, at its forty-seventh session, on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2004/3	
Supporting the international drug control system through joint action CND res. 46/4	5	<i>Calls upon</i> the United Nations International Drug Control Programme to optimize the involvement of non-governmental organizations and other organizations of civil society engaged in addressing the world drug problem at all levels with a view to enhancing the international drug control system;	Partly implemented.	Lack of resources. A number of activities implemented with extrabudgetary resources, such as the provisions of grants to NGOs, technical cooperation projects involving the participation of as beneficiaries, as executing agencies and as providers of services to others, including other NGOs.
	6	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC to report to it, at its forty-eighth session, on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See: E/CN.7/2003/13	
Improving the exchange of electronic information among	4	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations International Drug Control Programme to provide data to Member States by electronic means, using	Partly implemented.	See below.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
<p>Member States and communication with international organizations</p> <p>CND res. 46/5</p>	5	<p>the standards set by the National Drug Control System on estimates and assessments and the addresses of competent authorities;</p> <p><i>Also requests</i> the United Nations International Drug Control Programme to explore the possibility of obtaining secure funds, either in the form of earmarked voluntary contributions or from the regular budget of the United Nations, in order to deploy the National Drug Control System in more countries and to enhance the System;</p>	Partly implemented.	Lack of XB and/or RB resources. On the question of obtaining secure funding for the National Drug Control System, despite overwhelming endorsement of CND resolutions to this effect no regular budget resources have been secured because all these resolutions were subject to extra-budgetary resources. A limited amount of earmarked voluntary funds have been secured, partly through the establishment of a cost recovery system. However, this programme continues to depend on scarce general purpose resources.
<p>Provisions regarding travellers under medical treatment with drugs containing narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances under international control</p> <p>CND res. 46/6</p>	3	<p><i>Urges</i> the UNODC to communicate the guidelines to States parties to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961, that Convention as amended by the 1972 Protocol and the Convention on Psychotropic Substances of 1971;</p>	Implemented.	See: http://www.incb.org/incb/guidelines_travellers.html
<p>CND res. 46/6</p>	5	<p><i>Requests</i> the International Narcotics Control Board to publish the above-mentioned information in a unified form, in particular in its list of narcotic drugs under international control (the "Yellow List") or in its list of psychotropic substances under international control (the "Green List") and electronically, on the web site of the Board, in order to ensure its wide dissemination and facilitate the task of government agencies;</p>	Partly implemented.	Please see resolution 50/2 which supersedes this resolution. The information received will be put on the website by March 2008.

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
	7	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director of the UNODC to report to it at its forty-seventh session on the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2004/8	
Measures to promote the exchange of information on new patterns of drug use and on psychoactive substances consumed CND res. 46/7	2	<i>Invites</i> the UNODC and the World Health Organization, subject to the availability of voluntary funds and in accordance with the Commission on Narcotic Drugs guidelines for the use of general-purpose funds, to convene a meeting of experts, selected on the basis of equitable geographical distribution, to establish guidelines applicable to the recording of cases of drug abuse and dependence;	Implemented.	UNODC has been working on an adaptation of the Addiction Severity Index (ASI), together with WHO. An expert meeting on this issue was convened. In addition UNODC issued, together with the EMCDDA, guidelines for the development of systems for the collection of treatment demand indicators.
	3	<i>Also invites</i> the UNODC and the World Health Organization to continue to use those data and to highlight regional particularities by consolidating the national and regional databanks that already exist, with a view to improving the assessment of the potential of abuse and dependence of psychoactive substances and the knowledge of that subject and to achieving the long-term objective of establishing a worldwide databank;	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2004/2	
Strengthening the United Nations International Drug Control Programme and the role of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs as its governing body CND res. 46/8	2	<i>Calls upon</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme to complete the implementation of the recommendations contained in the above-mentioned reports and to develop existing reforms, including the development of synergies between the different elements of the UNODC;	Implemented.	
	4	<i>Requests</i> the United Nations International Drug Control Programme to facilitate this by continuing to present substantive, concise and timely briefings and, when appropriate, reports to all Member States, such as the progress report on management		All the above mentioned reforms were done in full consultation with member states through regular financial briefings on the status of the general purpose resources and in formulating its budgets. Briefings on organizational and substantive changes also preceded all the

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		reform entitled "Commitment to good governance";		reforms listed above. Evidence of progress achieved in good governance is reflected in various reports of the Commissions and most recently in the latest report of ACABQ (E/CN.7/2007/17 and 18 of 7 November 2007).
	9	<i>Calls upon</i> the Executive Director of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme to consider as priorities the development and application of expertise in evaluation and monitoring, in particular through the establishment of an independent evaluation function;	Implemented.	In 2003, UNODC established the Independent Evaluation Unit (IEU), which is currently staffed by 3 officers. IEU reports to the Executive Director as a way of ensuring independence. Staff receive training in evaluation as part of increasing their evaluation expertise.
	12	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to report to it at its forty-seventh session on progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2004/10	
Securing assured and predictable funding for the United Nations International Drug Control Programme CND res. 46/9	6	<i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to continue his efforts, in cooperation with Member States, to broaden the donor base and to increase voluntary contributions to the Fund of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme, including general-purpose funds and funds earmarked for the support budget;	Implemented. See document E/CN.7/2004/11	Since 2004, there has been a significant increase in the overall levels of voluntary funding. Also, there has been an increase in the share of non-traditional donors, including the private sector. For further details please see UNODC Annual Reports for 2006 and 2007.
	8	<i>Invites</i> the Executive Director: (a) To review, in consultation with the Secretary-General, whether the resources from the regular budget of the United Nations allocated to the United Nations International Drug Control Programme for the implementation of its functions arising from the international drug control treaties and other mandates are commensurate with the relevant requirements and to report to the Commission at its reconvened forty-sixth session; (b) To report on the reconfiguration of the field network of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme and to examine the impact of a possible funding	Partly implemented.	The donor base has been diversified. Non-traditional donors account for up to 30 per cent of the funding (2007). There has also been an increase in cost-sharing by recipient countries. This resolution is now superseded by resolutions 50/14 of 28 November 2007 and 16/6 of 30 November 2007 CND and CCPCJ which requested the Executive Director to submit an annual report on the ways and means of improving the financial situation of UNODC, including the situation of the field offices. (See also E/CN.7/2008/11).

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		<p>of field offices in the framework of projects rather than through general-purpose funds;</p> <p>(c) To report on the implications of the recommendations contained in the report of the Joint Inspection Unit entitled "Support costs related to extrabudgetary activities in organizations of the United Nations system"</p> <p>(d) To explore ways and means of obtaining financial donations, including general-purpose funds, from the private sector and non-governmental organizations, in addition to those provided by Member States, in order to facilitate the sharing of both commitment and resources to achieve the goals of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme, bearing in mind the need to safeguard the independence and the international character of the Programme and the experiences of other United Nations entities and the Global Compact;</p> <p>(e) To ensure that project proposals developed by the United Nations International Drug Control Programme and its fund-raising policy take into account both the direct and applicable indirect costs of projects, including the financial burden on the support budget;</p> <p>(f) To apply a policy on the implementation of projects that reflects the recommendations contained in the report of the Board of Auditors and takes into account subparagraph (e) above;</p> <p>(g) To report on the usefulness and implications of having a support budget fund and a general programme budget fund and possible guidelines for them;</p> <p>(h) To produce concise annual appeal and report documents, using available voluntary contributions earmarked for that purpose, taking into account the experience of</p>		

Resolution	Para	Summary of Action Required	Implementation	Resources / remarks
		<p>organizations of the United Nations system and other international organizations;</p> <p><i>Requests</i> the Executive Director to report to it at its forty-seventh session on progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.</p>	<p>Implemented.</p> <p>See: E/CN.7/2004/11</p>	