“Ceremonial Segment for 60th anniversary of the 1961 Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs and the 50th anniversary of the 1971 Convention on Psychotropic Substances”

Madam Chairperson, Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I am honored to take part in today’s special ceremonial segment of the 64th Session of Commission on Narcotics Drugs (CND) to commemorate the 60th anniversary of the 1961 Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs and the 50th anniversary of the 1971 Convention on Psychotropic Substances.

The two conventions, along with the Convention on Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances of 1988,
constitute the cornerstone of the international drug control system.

These conventions are among the most widely ratified “legally-binding” international documents. Their near-universal adherence reflects the broad international consensus they embody.

Madam Chairperson,

The complexity of the world drug problem has increased dramatically in the past few years.

Both the range of drugs, and markets for these drugs are expanding.

The illicit cultivation, production and abuse of narcotic drugs and psychotropic
substances, and illicit trafficking in these and in precursors, have reached record levels.

The Covid-19 pandemic has intensified the drug problem, heightening drug use and impairing the ability of health and social systems to cope with the drug crisis. Evidence also points towards funding shortages and diversion of resources away from drug related initiatives.

**Madam Chairperson,**

The World Drug Problem can only be most effectively addressed in a multilateral context, relying on an integrated, balanced and comprehensive approach, promoting and protecting health, safety and well-being of all in accordance with 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda.
In this regard, I would like to highlight few key points:

One, the principle of “common and shared responsibility” is of critical importance in international counter-drug cooperation. Regional and international cooperation be reinforced, focusing on policy coordination, exchange of information as well as capacity building initiatives, provision of equipment, technology and technical assistance for developing countries.

Two, all efforts to address and counter the world drug problem, including demand and supply reduction, should be undertaken in strict conformity with the three drug control conventions, the 2009 Political Declaration and its Plan of Action, the UNGASS 2016

Three, all member states should address drug-related socioeconomic issues, including illicit cultivation of narcotic plants and the illicit manufacture and production and trafficking of drugs, through the implementation of long-term, comprehensive and development-oriented drug control policies and programmes.

Madam Chairperson,

The various functional commissions of ECOSOC, in particular the Commission on Narcotics Drugs (CND), continue to make a vital contribution to work of the Council in
building effective responses to the global drug problem.

In line with the UNGASS 2016 outcome document, the Commission on Narcotics Drugs has an important role to contribute to the “global follow-up and support and thematic review of progress on the Sustainable Development Goals”.

I believe that the discussions and recommendations of the 64th Session of CND would greatly contribute to the 2021 High Level Political Forum to be held in July this year.

Despite the challenges, I am hopeful that the international community is on the right path. Together, we can implement a coordinated, balanced and comprehensive approach – the
best possible way to implement our joint international commitments and to ensure a positive impact on the lives of millions of people around the world.

I thank you