CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANIZATIONS
Southeast Asia platform

	CSO	About NGO	UNCAC-Related Experience
Cambodia	[Transparency International Cambodia (TI Cambodia)](#)	Founded in 2010, TI Cambodia has since built a strong institution to fight corruption and promote integrity, transparency and accountability in the country. TI Cambodia works with individuals and institutions at all levels, including government, civil society, business, media and the wider public to achieve sustainable economic development, promote integrity, and fight against corruption.	TI Cambodia has hands-on experience in international and bilateral organizations as well as in governance, anti-corruption and social accountability. The organization works on capacity building of CSOs, private sector and the government on social accountability tools to prevent and fight corruption. The CSO has participated in all of the meetings organized by UNODC in the region.
Indonesia	[Transparency International – Indonesia (TI Indonesia)](#)	TI Indonesia works on capacity-building with the aim of engaging and building strongly organized citizens to fight corruption. By doing so, civil society secures the interests of citizens and holds governments accountable.	TI Indonesia urges the Indonesian government to implement the UNCAC and the OECD Convention in Corruption Act, especially related to foreign bribery. TI Indonesia also supports The National Strategy on Prevention and Eradication for Corruption. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.
	[Indonesia Corruption Watch (ICW)](#)	Established amid major political reforms in 1998, ICW was founded on the premise that corruption must be eradicated, as it continues to impoverish people and obstruct justice. ICW promotes democratic and corruption-free governance with a just outlook on economy, social aspects, and gender.	ICW has exposed and overseen major corruption cases involving public officials, such as the Bank Indonesia Liquidity Assistance and the Texmaco cases. ICW oversees regulations that support and further the eradication of corruption, such as the policies and laws concerning the Corruption Eradication Commission (KPK), Witness and Victim Protection, Public Information Disclosure, Elections, Money Laundering, and the National Education System. The CSO has participated in all of the meetings organized by UNODC in the region.
	[Indonesia Business Links (IBL)](#)	Indonesia Business Links is a not-for-profit organization established in response to the Indonesian economic crisis in 1998. The organization aims to contribute towards the creation of sound and ethical business practices in the country.	IBL manages Corporate Social Responsibility programmes. The organization participates in the global dialogue on anti-corruption measures for SMEs. The CSO has participated in all of the meetings organized by UNODC in the region.
	[Lokataru Foundation](#)	Lokataru Foundation works towards collaborative and meaningful positive engagement among the state, communities and the private sector based on the values of human rights and the rule of law. Its mission is to advance accountability of public and private institutions.	Lokataru Foundation conducts external oversight to the implementation of UNCAC and the National Action Plan for the Eradication of Corruption in Indonesia. The Foundation continuously works to reform and fill the gap between the Indonesian legal frameworks and UNCAC standards. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.

	Jaringan Pemantau Independen Kehutanan / Independent Forest Monitoring Network of Indonesia (JPIK)	JPIK's vision is the realization of good, fair and sustainable forest governance guaranteed through independent monitoring. Its mission is to manage the network of independent forestry monitoring organizations, to carry out independent monitoring, and to promote accountable forest governance that addresses the problem of deforestation, including through the processing and the monitoring of results of forest certification.	JPIK engages with the KPK regarding the handling of forestry crime cases involving corruption in the licensing process. JPIK has been involved in meetings with other CSO coalitions to provide input related to creating a national movement to save and protect natural resources. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok.
	Hivos Southeast Asia	Hivos was founded in 1968 with the conviction that development should be secular, as true cooperation presumes respect for differing beliefs. Based on a track record of 50 years of partnering with frontrunners in daring, innovative and impactful development programmes, Hivos seeks new and creative solutions to persistent global problems.	Hivos implements the Open Up Contracting programmes to improve public participation in planning, procurement, and contract management processes and to create accountability mechanisms within the government to receive and respond to citizens' feedback and complaints. It also develops capacity-building to translate procurement and contracting data into evidence-based advocacy. The CSO participated in the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila.
Malaysia	Sinar Project	Sinar Project is a civic tech initiative using open technology, open data and policy analysis to systematically render important information public and more accessible to the Malaysian people. It aims to improve governance and encourage greater citizen involvement in public affairs by making Parliament and the Malaysian Government more open, transparent and accountable.	Sinar Project gathers government information and makes it accessible through searchable archives on government reports, documents and parliamentary records. It collaborates with local Malaysian coalition partners for transparency and anti-corruption, such as TI-Malaysia and C4, in providing feedback and supporting inputs for the UNCAC review and other policy work. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.
	Business Integrity Alliance (BIA)	Established in 2016, Business Integrity Alliance is a collective action organization whose mission is to combat corruption that affects the business industry by connecting companies, chambers of commerce, and industry groups with government.	BIA's activities consist of best practices sharing sessions that aim to equip members with preventative tools and knowledge to combat corruption in their daily operations. This includes sessions on developing codes of conduct, on procedures for interfacing with public officials, and on establishing effective whistleblowing channels. The CSO participated in the 2018 Bangkok and the 2019 Manila meetings organized by UNODC.
	Center to Combat Corruption and Cronyism (C4 Center)	The Center to Combat Corruption and Cronyism is an independent non-profit policy advocacy group dedicated to upholding good governance – CLEAN, COMPETENT, CONSCIOUS and CREDIBLE.	C4 Center builds, leads, and implements strong anti-corruption measures for governments at all levels. C4 hosted and facilitated the NGO meeting on the UNCAC review process regarding the commitment of the government of Malaysia. The CSO has participated in all of the meetings organized by UNODC in the region.

	[Transparency International Malaysia (TI Malaysia)](#)	Founded in 1998, TI Malaysia is an independent, non-governmental and non-partisan organization committed to the fight against corruption. It is an anti-corruption advocate on reforming political financing, citizen engagement on corruption issues, corruption research indexes and forest governance integrity.	TI Malaysia participated in 2017 the second cycle of the UNCAC review, particularly in responding to Article 13. It ran a Speak Up Campaign on improving citizens' perceptions on reporting corruption in Malaysia and also a Youth Integrity programme. TI Malaysia were recipients of a fast-tracking grant in 2020 sponsored by UNODC to implement an Anti-Bribery & Corruption Online Training Course for Corporates and SMEs. The CSO has participated in all of the meetings organized by UNODC in the region.
	[Coalition for Business Integrity (CBI)](#)	CBI was formed in 2014 by a group of professionals who witnessed decades of erosion of integrity, which has impeded productivity growth and drove up the cost of living. The organization aspires to see changes on the ground by engaging with the people, government, civil societies, business councils, trade associations, missions, etc.	CBI has been conducting corporate training seminars on good governance and business integrity in the corporate sector. Additionally, it has done training and talks in private schools and universities on integrity, business code of conduct and sustainability. Moreover, and in collaboration with foreign business councils and chambers of commerce, the organization delivered expert talks on the upcoming corporate liability legislation and ISO 37001 Anti-Bribery Management System.

Myanmar	[Access to Justice Initiative (A2JI)](#)	A coalition of more than 40 CSOs, A2JI was launched in 2015 to form a unified platform for constructive advocacy efforts as the country prepared for its first truly open election in decades. A2JI consists of three clusters – Research, Advocacy, and Monitoring & Oversight – that collaboratively pursue research-based advocacy for reform of specific laws, promote transparency and citizen oversight of public justice actors.	In gathering data on how institutions deliver A2JI services to the public, A2JI seeks to identify gaps and weaknesses in current practice and promote policy, law and institutional reform that will strengthen the delivery of justice by these institutions. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.
	[Myanmar Centre for Responsible Business (MCRB)](#)	The Myanmar Centre for Responsible Business is an initiative to encourage responsible business activities throughout Myanmar. It aims to provide a trusted, impartial forum for dialogue, seminars, and briefings to relevant parties as well as access to international expertise and tools.	MCRB conducts anti-corruption training workshops for businesses and an annual study "Transparency in Myanmar Enterprise-TiME" that scores the websites of 200 businesses on disclosure of information about corporate culture, corporate governance, sustainability management, communication and reporting. It has worked with the Directorate of Investment and Company Administration on responsible business and corruption issues. The CSO has participated in all of the meetings organized by UNODC in the region.
	[Spectrum – Sustainable Development Knowledge Network](#)	Founded in 2007 during the early phases of Myanmar's democratic transition, Spectrum - Sustainable Development Knowledge Network - aims to facilitate constructive multi-stakeholder engagement on environment, sustainable development and natural resource management issues.	Spectrum were recipients of a fast-tracking grant in 2020 sponsored by UNODC to raise awareness on the role of the 4,000 staffed Auditor General's Office in Myanmar. Its advocacy intends to help create a stronger demand for accountability and transparency of the Auditor General Office's audits which have historically gone un-published or have been difficult for the general public to access. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.

Philippines			
	[Government Watch Philippines (G-Watch)](#)	Established in 2000 to respond to a plethora of corruption scandals involving government officials, G-Watch has undertaken several pioneering initiatives on social accountability and citizen monitoring, training hundreds of citizen-monitors to check the delivery of public services. G-Watch produces publications on citizen engagement and political and governance reforms.	It has convened various fora and conferences, facilitating dialogues and sharing of experiences and reflections among reform and development actors. As an action research organization, G-Watch hopes to provide an effective intellectual and civic bridge between the local, national and global arenas in the anti-corruption field. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.
	[Affiliated Network for Social Accountability in East Asia and the Pacific (ANSA-EAP)](#)	ANSA–EAP was set up in 2007 to connect citizens and governments to improve governance. Its business is anchored in the organization's identity as a "networking and learning facility" for networks of social accountability practitioners in the East Asia and the Pacific region.	ANSA-EAP is one of the premier civil society organization in the Philippines and in the East Asia Pacific region that comprehensively teaches and uses social accountability concepts and practices. Some of its projects are the Citizen Participatory Audit, Check My School, and i-budget.mo. The CSO participated in the 2019 Manila meeting organized by UNODC. The CSO participated in the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila.
	[International Center for Innovation, Transformation and Excellence in Governance (INCITEGov)](#)	INCITEGov was founded in 2008 to work on government reforms and a framework that holds at its very core the linkage between democratic politics and good governance to bring about a better life for all.	INCITEGov has facilitated constructive engagement of civil society with government, enabling transparency and accountability mechanisms to work for claim-making initiatives of marginalized groups and basic sectors. INCITEGov continues to monitor public fiscal management, security sector, social protection, women and human rights, the peace process, as well as the processes affecting Philippine democracy. The CSO participated in the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila.
	[National Secretariat for Social Action / Caritas Philippines (NASSA)](#)	NASSA/Caritas Philippines was created by the Catholic Bishops' Conference of the Philippines (CBCP) in 1966 as a response to the call of the Universal Church for renewal and social transformation. It is the social action arm of the CBCP, under the direction and supervision of the Episcopal Commission on Social Action-Justice and Peace.	As the national secretariat to 85 diocesan social action centers, NASSA / Caritas Philippines provides technical and programmatic assistance to local churches in crafting anti-corruption campaigns and lobbying for the passage of local and national good governance legislations. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.
	[Philippine Center for Investigative Journalism (PCIJ)](#)	PCIJ is an independent, non-profit media agency that specializes in investigative reporting. It was founded in 1989 to go beyond day–to–day reportage towards investigative projects for both the print and broadcast media. It publishes books on current issues, produces video documentaries, and conducts seminar-workshops on journalism and public policy issues. PCIJ publishes at www.pcij.org/blog.	PCIJ were recipients of a fast-tracking grant in 2020 sponsored by UNODC to cover corruption in Covid-19 response through a training program of 25 stakeholders to monitoring funds being distributed, and afterwards, produce two collaborative editorial products on corruption and Covid-19. PCIJ organizes training seminars and offers the services of its journalism trainers for news organizations in the Philippines and Southeast Asia. The CSO participated in the 2017 Regional Conference in Bangkok organized by UNODC.

Singapore	Global Compact Singapore (GCNS)	GCNS is the Singapore chapter of the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC). As the leading voice on corporate sustainability, GCNS drives multi-stakeholder action to forge a more sustainable future, founded on the Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact and the Sustainable Development Goals. GCNS advances the stewardship of sustainable business practices and Singapore's national agenda of becoming a regional sustainable business hub.	GCNS encourages and facilitates the progress of companies to align their operations and strategies with UNGC's human rights, labour, environment and anti-corruption at the country level. A stakeholder of the Global Reporting Initiative and a participating organization of the ASEAN Civil Society Responsibility (CSR) Networks, it organizes the Global Compact International CSR Summit, Singapore Apex Corporate Sustainability Awards and the CDL-Global Compact Young CSR Leaders Award. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok organized by UNODC.
Thailand	Manushya Foundation	Founded in 2017, Manushya Foundation is an Asian regional NGO promoting community empowerment to advance human rights, social justice and peace. Its vision is to build inclusive, just, equal, sustainable and peaceful societies in Asia where individuals, communities, States and non-State actors respect, fulfil and advance the enjoyment of human rights for all, leaving no-one behind.	Manushya were recipients of a fast-tracking grant in 2020 sponsored by UNODC to develop 'Right to Know' information factsheets, which provide an overview of the law and policy framework including the international obligations that governments as well the private sector must comply with in 10 ASEAN countries. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.
	Anti-Corruption Organization of Thailand (ACT)	ACT aims to serve as a social force that mobilizes Thai people and society in rejecting and fighting against corruption. The network is composed of 54 organizations across the country.	ACT seeks to build credibility in society. It recognizes the importance of cooperation in the fight against corruption in every sector, especially in the private sector. It organizes seminars and distributes tools and has participated in a UNDP anti-corruption initiative. The CSO participated in the 2017 Regional Conference in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.
	East-West Management Institute – Open Development Initiative (EWMI-ODI)	EWMI-ODI began in 2011 in Cambodia, and has been operating throughout the Mekong since then. EWMI-ODI implements activities for anti-corruption by increasing transparency and access to information. EWMI has also been implementing governance, rule of law and anti-corruption activities for more than 20 years in Central and Eastern Europe, the Balkans, South and Southeast Asia, Central Asia, and the Caucuses.	EWMI-ODI manage the Strengthening Open Data in Southeast Asia Project to improve availability and impact of open data in Southeast Asia through research and strategic coordination of existing as well as new regional collaboration initiatives. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.
	Thai Youth Anti-Corruption Network	The Thai Youth Anti-Corruption Network, sponsored by UNDP Thailand and over 90 universities across Thailand, works to erase corruption in Thai society through the empowerment of young people.	The Network's online platform enables university students to contribute towards transparency through raising revenue on campus on the importance of transparency. The organization also creates an online space where Thai youth can access the latest information on Thailand's public transparency. The CSO has participated in all the meetings organized by UNODC in the region.

Private Sector Collective Action Coalition against Corruption (CAC)	The CAC aims for companies to implement effective anti-corruption policies and mechanisms in order to create an ecosystem of clean businesses. The organization certifies private companies that have put in place policy and compliance standards to prevent corruption. It has recently rolled out new tailor-made and simplified certification standards for SMEs to help in expanding anti-corruption practices to smaller businesses.	The CAC's activities are to promote anti-corruption mechanisms in the private sector to help mitigate corruption risks with regard to supply. It also advocates on behalf of the private sector to shape up policies relevant to anti-corruption and efforts to boost efficiency and transparency of public services. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok organized by UNODC.
American Bar Association, Rule of Law Initiative (ABA ROLI)	The ABA ROLI is an international development programme that promotes justice, economic opportunity and human dignity through the rule of law.	For more than 25 years, and through work in more than 100 countries, ABA ROLI and its partners have sought to strengthen legal institutions, to support legal professionals, to foster respect for human rights and to advance public understanding of the law and of citizen rights. The CSO participated in the 2017 Roundtable in Bangkok organized by UNODC.
Thai Institute of Directors (THAI IOD)	The THAI IOD is a leading organization dedicated to improving directors' professionalism and corporate governance in Thailand. Founded in 1999, two years following the 1997 Asian financial crisis, the IOD has been at the forefront of promoting good governance practices in Thai companies.	Through its various activities, the IOD has helped develop professional standards of directorship and provided best practice guidelines for company directors to perform their duties effectively according to international standards. IOD works to develop and encourage corporate directors in the practice of good corporate governance. The CSO participated in the 2017 Regional Conference in Bangkok and the 2019 Follow-up Roundtable in Manila organized by UNODC.
Sujarit-Thai	Sujarit-Thai was founded to achieve transparency and fairness in every unit of Thai society from individuals, organizations to international level institutions for solid and sustainable success.	Sujarit-Thai develops knowledge by researching and developing a curriculum suitable for individuals of all ages, levels, and organizations and builds networks by supporting and promoting values and ideas, morality, and honesty to strengthen citizens' voices. The CSO participated in the 2018 Bangkok meeting organized by UNODC.
Khon Thai Foundation	Khon Thai Foundation is a social purpose organization for collaborative sustainable development. It creates platforms to empower active citizens to work with each other and to join issue-based intermediary organizations to mobilize for change.	As a learning organization, Khon Thai Foundation is committed to facilitating the quest of learning with stakeholders continuously and systematically in order to grow together. The CSO participated in the 2018 Regional Conference in Bangkok organized by UNODC.
Thailand Collaboration for Change	Thailand Collaboration for Change works at the national level to create opportunities for social projects and organizations to bring about large-scale, sustainable change. The organization recently founded the Thailand Collaboration for Civic Technology hoping that it will be a platform for technological innovation in the realm of anti-corruption.	Thailand Collaboration for Change works closely with the Anti-Corruption Organization of Thailand to help scale anti-corruption programmes, as well as with the Corporate Governance Fund, an equity fund aiming to improve governance and anti-corruption standards by investing in listed companies based on strict corporate governance criteria.

Timor Leste	[Center of Studies for Peace and Development – Timor Leste (CEPAD)](#)	CEPAD is a Timorese NGO that was established in 2007 with the mission to use collaborative research and interactive dialogue to advance the understanding of conflict-related issues and the major challenges to the consolidation of democracy in Timor-Leste. CEPAD conducts research on anti-corruption activities and leads a team of 38 anti-corruption focal points to organize interactive dialogues and focus group discussions countrywide.	The organization supervised 60 focus group discussions to raise community awareness in combatting corruption. It led a participatory action research anti-corruption programme. It is a member of the National Working Group in the UNCAC implementation in Timor-Leste and a focal point to the Anti-Corruption Commission in the Review Mechanism. The CSO participated in the 2017 Regional Conference and 2018 Roundtable meetings both in Bangkok.
	[Youth Vision of Development](#)	Established in 2016, Youth Vision of Development focuses on Monitoring, Research, Advocacy and Campaign. It is also a member of Open Government Partnership.	Youth Vision of Development promotes public transparency and accountability by enhancing youth participation in public policy and community empowerment in order to promote capacity, ability, and youth leadership.

Vietnam	[Towards Transparency (TT) – Vietnam](#)	Towards Transparency – Vietnam was established to reduce corruption in Vietnam by increasing demand and promoting measures for transparency, accountability and integrity in government, business and society at large.	TT monitors Vietnam's implementation of UNCAC. It conducted a shadow report in support of the Vietnam's self-assessment of UNCAC implementation in 2011. TT provides technical input on the Anti-corruption Law and Access to Information Law to ensure Vietnam anti-corruption legislation meets international standards and commitments, while accounting for local specific context. The CSO has participated in all of the meetings organized by UNODC in the region.
	[Vietnam Judicial Support Association for the Poor (VIJUSAP)](#)	VIJUSAP provides free legal advice and judicial assistance to support and empower local people to have a better understanding of the laws and their rights in voicing and pursuing complaints. Through communication campaigns and outreach activities, VIJUSAP has also created a network of associated legal advice centres nationwide to contribute to the promotion of social development, judicial and public administrative reforms.	VIJUSAP published a special briefing edition on "controlling and handling of assets and income in the prevention of and fight against corruption" in accordance with the national legislation and UNCAC. The briefing was distributed to the National Assembly, party members, public officials and civil servants and introduced to the public before the adoption of the revised Anti-Corruption Law in 2018. The CSO has participated in all of the meetings organized by UNODC in the region.
	[Wildlife Conservation Society (WCS), Vietnam Program](#)	The Wildlife Conservation Society has worked in Vietnam since 2006 with a focus on combating illegal wildlife trafficking. WCS's goal is to conserve the world's largest wild places in 15 priority regions, home to more than 50% of the world's biodiversity. This is outlined in its 2020 strategy, which positions WCS to maintain its historic focus on the protection of species while developing an ambitious plan to engage with a rapidly changing world.	WCS works to degrade, disrupt, and dismantle wildlife trafficking networks and reduce poaching pressure on wildlife populations. The organization facilitates collaboration and cross-agency action at domestic and international scales between key law enforcement agencies, the judiciary, natural resource regulatory agencies, and domestic and international NGOs. Efforts have led to enhanced enforcement effectiveness through the successful arrest, prosecution, and conviction of wildlife criminals. The CSO participated in the 2018 Roundtable in Bangkok.