HIV and other blood-borne diseases associated with drug use, including injecting drug use, remain high

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Thematic sessions on the implementation of all international drug policy commitments, following-up to the 2019 Ministerial Declaration, 19-21 October 2020
More than 11 million people inject drugs

- 5.5 million are living with hepatitis C
- 1.2 million are living with both hepatitis C and HIV
- 1.4 million people are living with HIV
Every eight person who inject drugs is living with HIV
Half people who inject drugs are living with hepatitis C

**MAP 4** Estimated subregional prevalence of hepatitis C (HCV) and hepatitis B (HBV) among PWID, 2018

Source: UNODC, annual report questionnaire supplemented by other data sources.

Note: Subregional estimates are not presented if hepatitis B/hepatitis C data coverage is less than 20 per cent or if the represented total population of the countries providing data for hepatitis B/hepatitis C is less than 10 per cent of the total subregional population.

The boundaries and names shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. A dispute exists between the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concerning sovereignty over the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).
42 million years of healthy life lost due to drug use

over a quarter due to HIV/AIDS or hepatitis C
585,000 drug related deaths
more than half due to hepatitis C
Women who use drugs are more vulnerable to blood-born diseases than men who use drugs.
Thank you for your listening!

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