



Ministry of Health and Population



**Health Requirements for Entry into the Arab
Republic of Egypt**

**Conference of the States Parties to the United
Nations Convention against Corruption (COSP)**

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Requirements for Entry into Egypt

On arrival in Egypt, passengers must carry certificates and health documents approved or certified by the Egyptian embassies abroad.

First: Health Requirements Related to Covid-19

Upon arrival to Egypt, all passengers above 6 years must have valid health certificates and documents or approved by the Egyptian embassies in their countries.

All arrivals must have either of the following:

A) COVID-19 vaccination certificate

- Arrivals must have valid COVID-19 vaccination certificate that is without scraping, scratching or writing off including QR code with all passenger data (name and date of vaccination). This QR code must be readable by the QR code reader.
- In countries that don't provide their vaccination certificates with QR code, these certificates must be approved by Egyptian embassies in these countries
- Egypt approved all vaccines that are approved by either the World Health Organization (WHO) or the Egyptian Drug Authority (EDA). It must be not less than 14 days since the date of the final vaccination dose (one dose of the Johnson & Johnson Janssen vaccine or two doses other types of vaccines: Pfizer, AstraZeneca, Moderna, Sinofarm, Sinovac or Sputnik).



B) A negative PCR test for COVID-19

For those who have no valid vaccination certificate, a negative PCR test for COVID-19 within 72 hours before direct departure to Egypt should be shown up upon arrival to the international points of entry.

Second: Requirements Related to yellow fever :

Those arriving from areas affected by the risk of yellow fever have to show the International Certificate of Vaccination against Yellow Fever for entry into the Arab Republic of Egypt for passengers aged 9 months and above and for those arriving in transit who have stayed for more than 12 hours on the list of countries at risk of yellow fever transmission.

List of countries with risk of transmission of yellow fever:

Africa: Angola - Benin - Burkina Faso- Burundi- Cameroon -Central African Republic - Chad - Congo -Côte d'Ivoire - Democratic Republic of the Congo - Equatorial Guinea - Ethiopia - Gabon - Gambia - Ghana -Guinea - Guinea-Bissau - Kenya - Liberia - Mali - Mauritania - Niger - Nigeria - Senegal - Sierra Leone - South Sudan - Sudan - Togo - Uganda - Eritrea - Rwanda - Somalia - United Republic of Tanzania - Zambia.

South America: Argentina – Bolivia (Plurinational State of) - Brazil - Colombia - Ecuador - Guyana — Panama - Paraguay - Peru - Suriname -Trinidad and Tobago – Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

If the international vaccination certificate is not submitted, the arrival will undergo quarantine action for 6 days from the date of travel from countries affected by yellow fever