(a) **Education in schools and universities on anti-corruption efforts;**
- The Anti-Corruption Law was enacted in August 2013. The Anti-Corruption Rules was officially published on 10 July 2015. Under Anti-Corruption Rule 59, the Anti-Corruption Commission may give and organize educative lectures and campaigns on anti-corruption in governmental organizations, schools and civil society organizations.
- The Anti-Corruption Commission is empowered under Section 16 of the Anti-Corruption Law to adopt and carry out measures for prevention of corruption, for promoting integrity of the mindset of persons-in-authority and also for public participation to eradicate corruption.
- As the Law and the Rules are already in place, the Commission will carry out activities in such areas in due course.
- Educative talks and public awareness campaigns on anti-corruption are being held at both union and regional levels.
- The commission's efforts on anti-corruption are released as news and information in the daily newspapers and also uploaded in the Commission website

(b) **Integrity in criminal justice institutions**
- Under the on-going UNODC Country Program for Myanmar (2014-2018), anti-corruption is targeted as Sub-program 2. Out of 4 Outcomes, Outcomes 3 is strengthening integrity of the Judiciary and Prosecution. Myanmar–UNODC cooperation program will cover areas as review of existing rules, procedures and mechanism of accountability, support to Supreme Court for design of a judicial commission; and support the finalization of a code of conduct for public servants.
- Training needs for human resource development and institutional capacity development will be assisted under the Country Program.