



POLICY IS PREVENTION

The first task of a public health-oriented drug policy is to prevent drug-related problems from occurring. Environmental strategies that discourage drug use and reduce the availability of illegal drugs are a central element of prevention. Community-based strategies that promote drug-free environments and supportive social norms are shown to reduce the use of both legal and illegal substances. Environmental strategies should be supplemented by education and evidence-based prevention as well as more targeted interventions that reach high-risk groups and problem drug users.

There is a growing knowledge on what works and what doesn't work in the field of drug prevention, this session will present some key publication on the prevention research as well as practical implementation of prevention strategies in the US and Uganda.

SIDE EVENT

Sept 25, 2015, 1.00 - 2.00 PM

SPEAKERS

Conference Room C3

Esbjörn Hornberg

Executive Director, IOGT International

Gilberto Gerra

Chief, Drug Prevention and Health Branch, UNODC

Charli Eriksson

Professor in Public Health, Örebro University, Sweden

Sue Thau

Public Policy Consultant, CADCA, USA

Rogers Kasirye

Executive Director, UYDEL, Uganda

Organized by:

