Article 111. Prohibited Military Attack

1. A person who orders to carry out or carries out a military attack prohibited under international humanitarian law against civilians, medical or civil defence personnel, a military or civilian hospital, a first-aid post, a vehicle carrying wounded or sick persons, the personnel of the International Red Cross Committee or a National Red Cross or Red Crescent Society, a military attack against an undefended settlement or a demilitarised zone, a military attack against a protected cultural valuable property, a military attack without selecting a specific target and being aware that it could result in civilian casualties or destruction of a civilian object, or a military attack against the combatants who had clearly withdrawn from the battle and had given up resistance or other persons shall be punished by a custodial sentence for a term of five up to fifteen years.

2. A person who orders to carry out or carries out a military attack contravening international humanitarian law against a target posing a considerable danger to the environment and people, such as a nuclear plant, a dam, a facility for the storage of toxic substances or another object, while being aware that it could cause grave consequences, or a military attack using weapons of mass destruction shall be punished by a custodial sentence for a period of ten up to twenty years or by a life custodial sentence.

Article 250. Act of Terrorism

1. A person who, for terrorist purposes, produces, acquires, keeps, transports, transfers or otherwise has at his disposal a firearm, ammunition, explosives, explosive, nuclear or radioactive materials and other sources of ionizing radiation, also a person who, for terrorist purposes, develops, produces, acquires, keeps, transports, transfers or otherwise has at his disposal chemical or biological weapons or chemical substances or their precursors, micro-organisms and other biological substances or toxins used for the production of chemical or biological weapons shall be punished by a custodial sentence for a term of up to eight years.

2. A person who, for terrorist purposes, causes a flood or disruption of supply of water, energy or other resources, or causes an explosion of, sets on fire or otherwise destroys or causes damage to property on a large scale, or breach security of an information system or electronic data of considerable importance for state governance, the economy or the financial system, or spreads radioactive, biological or chemical hazardous substances, preparations or micro-organisms, where this causes or could have caused serious consequences, as well as a person who, for terrorist purposes, causes a minor impairment to the health of one or more persons or poses a threat to the life or health of a large number of people shall be punished by a custodial sentence for a term of up to ten years.

3. A person who, for terrorist purposes, causes a serious impairment to the health of one or more persons shall be punished by a custodial sentence for a term of three up to fifteen years.

4. A person who kills one or more persons for terrorist purposes shall be punished by a custodial sentence for a term of eight up to twenty years or by a life custodial sentence.

5. A person who commits an act provided for in paragraph 2, 3 or 4 of this Article, where it is directed against an object of strategic importance for national security or causes grave consequences, shall be punished by a custodial sentence for a period of ten up to twenty years or by a life custodial sentence.

6. A legal entity shall also be held liable for the acts provided for in this Article.
Article 256. Unlawful Possession of Nuclear or Radioactive Materials or Other Sources of Ionising Radiation

1. A person who seizes or otherwise unlawfully acquires, produces, imports, exports, transports, stores, keeps, processes, uses, disarranges, disposes or otherwise unlawfully manages the nuclear or radioactive materials or other sources of ionising radiation of any form and in any physical condition shall be punished by arrest or by a custodial sentence for a term of up to four years.

2. A person who commits the acts indicated in paragraph 1 of this Article, where this causes serious consequences, shall be punished by a custodial sentence for a term of two up to ten years.

3. The acts provided for in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article shall be criminal also where they are committed through negligence.

4. A legal entity shall also be held liable for the acts provided for in this Article.

Article 256¹. Threat to Use or Otherwise Influence or Unlawfully Acquire Nuclear or Radioactive Materials or Other Sources of Ionising Radiation

1. A person who threatens to use or otherwise influence the nuclear or radioactive materials or other sources of ionising radiation of any form and in any physical condition so that they pose a threat to human life, health or the environment or threatens to seize or otherwise unlawfully acquire these sources shall be punished by arrest or by a custodial sentence for a term of up to four years.

2. A legal entity shall also be held liable for an act provided for in this Article.

Article 257. Infringement of Regulations Governing Lawful Possession of Nuclear or Radioactive Materials or Other Sources of Ionising Radiation

1. A person who infringes regulations governing the storage, use and transportation of the nuclear or radioactive materials or other sources of ionising radiation of any form and in any physical condition, where this could have caused serious consequences, shall be punished by a fine or by restriction of liberty or by arrest or by a custodial sentence for a term of up to three years.

2. A legal entity shall also be held liable for an act provided for in this Article.

3. The act provided for in this Article shall be considered as criminal also where it has been committed through negligence.

Article 257¹. Production of Installations for the Production of Explosive Materials, Explosives or Radioactive Materials or Development or Distribution of Production Technologies or Specifications Thereof

1. A person who unlawfully produces, stores, transports, transfers or handles machinery or other installations directly intended or adapted for the production of explosive materials, explosives or radioactive materials or unlawfully develops or distributes technologies or specifications of the production of explosive materials, explosives or radioactive materials shall be punished by a fine or by arrest or by a custodial sentence for a term of up to four years.

2. A legal entity shall also be held liable for the acts provided for in this Article.